Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago

Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Ending December 31, 2021





May 23, 2022

Board of Trustees Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund City of Chicago 221 North LaSalle Street, Suite 1626 Chicago, Illinois 60601-1404

Subject: Actuarial Valuation Report for the Year Ending December 31, 2021

Dear Members of the Board:

At your request, we have performed an actuarial valuation of the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago ("the PABF" or "the Fund") as of December 31, 2021. The primary purposes of this actuarial valuation are to determine the statutory contribution for tax levy year 2023 (i.e., payment year 2024) and to measure the funded status of the Fund as of December 31, 2021, based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2021. This report also provides the development of the plan year end 2022 Actuarially Determined Contribution ("ADC") as required by GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. Other information required under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 is provided in a separate report. The actuarial assumptions and methods used were recommended by the actuary and approved by the Board.

We have prepared the supporting schedules for the actuarial section of the comprehensive annual financial report, including:

- Summary of Actuarial Valuation Methods and Assumptions;
- Schedule of Active Member Data;
- Retirements and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Rolls;
- Prioritized Solvency (Termination) Test;
- Development of Actuarially Determined Contributions under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68;
- Development of Actuarial Gains and Losses; and
- Summary of Basic Actuarial Values.

This actuarial valuation is based upon:

Data Relative to the Members of the Fund – Data for active members and persons receiving benefits from the Fund was provided by the Fund's staff. We have tested this data for reasonableness.

Asset Values – The actuarial value of assets is used in the development of the statutory contribution requirements. In each future fiscal year, investment gains and losses will be phased in over a five-year period.

Actuarial Method – The actuarial method utilized by the Fund, as required by statute, is the Entry-Age Normal cost method. The objective of this method is to recognize the costs of Fund benefits over the entire career of each member as a level percentage of compensation. Any Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) under this method is separately financed. All actuarial gains and losses under this method are reflected in the UAAL.

Actuarial Assumptions – All actuarial assumptions remain unchanged from the prior actuarial valuation and reflect the results of the experience study performed for the period of January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2018, approved by the Board on August 27, 2019, first effective with the December 31, 2019, actuarial valuation. The assumptions used are set forth in Appendix 4: Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.

Plan Provisions – The actuarial valuation is based on plan provisions and statutes in effect as of December 31, 2021.

A collective bargaining agreement with the Fraternal Order of Police (FOP) was approved for the period July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2025. The agreement includes retroactive pay from 2017 through 2021 based on the updated salary scales.

The funding objective of the Fund is to provide employer and employee contributions sufficient to provide the benefits of the Fund when due. Pursuant to Public Act ("P.A.") 99-0506, effective May 30, 2016, the funding policy was amended and requires City contributions to be equal to \$420 million in payment year 2016, \$464 million in payment year 2017, \$500 million in payment year 2018, \$557 million in payment year 2019 and \$579 million in payment year 2020. For payment years after 2020, the City is required to make level percent of pay contributions for plan years 2020 through 2055 that along with member contributions and investment earnings are expected to generate a projected funded ratio of 90% by plan year end 2055. The projections are based on an open group, level percent of pay financing and the Entry-Age Normal cost method. This actuarial valuation determines the statutory contribution of \$851.1 million (64.1% of projected pay) for tax levy year 2023 (i.e., payment year 2024).

This is a severely underfunded plan. The funded ratio is only **24.0%** (using actuarial value of assets) and the unfunded liability is approximately \$12 billion as of December 31, 2021. The funded ratio is not projected to even reach 50% funded for another 21 years until 2042.

The funding policy defined in P.A. 99-0506 significantly defers contributions when compared to the provisions of the prior funding policy defined in P.A. 96-1495. The amount of annual contributions defined under P.A. 99-0506 does not even cover normal cost plus interest on the unfunded liability for the next nine years. This means the unfunded liability is actually projected to increase to a high of \$12.2 billion in 2029, when contributions are finally sufficient to start reducing the unfunded liability.

We understand that P.A. 99-0506 defines the amount of City Contributions to the PABF. Nevertheless, we continue to recommend that the plan sponsor seriously consider making additional contributions (in excess of the statutory requirement) to ensure that there are sufficient assets available in the fund in all years to pay the promised benefits.



Board of Trustees Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of Chicago Page 3

We also recommend that the Board perform projections which include pessimistic scenarios such as investment return lower than assumed, lower contributions received than expected, higher benefit payments than expected, etc., to more fully understand the impact of less than optimal future expectations.

The contribution rate in this report is determined using the actuarial assumptions and methods disclosed in Appendix 4 of this report. This report includes risk metrics on page 13 but does not include a more robust assessment of the risks of future experience not meeting the actuarial assumptions. Additional assessment of risks was outside the scope of this report.

This actuarial valuation assumes that the City will be able to make future contributions on a timely basis. We did not perform an analysis of the ability of the City to make future contributions. Such an analysis is not within the scope of our assignment. Failure to receive City contributions on a timely basis could jeopardize the sustainability of the Fund.

The funding actuarial valuation results contained in this report were prepared based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2021. The projected contributions contained in this report will be used to develop the blended discount rate under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

The actuarial valuation results set forth in this report are based on the data and actuarial techniques described above, and upon the provisions of the Fund as of the actuarial valuation date. To the best of our knowledge, this actuarial statement is complete and accurate based on the statutes in effect as of December 31, 2021, and fairly presents the actuarial position of the Fund as of December 31, 2021. Based on these items, we certify these results to be true and correct.

This report was prepared using our proprietary valuation model and related software which, in our professional judgment, has the capability to provide results that are consistent with the purposes of the valuation and has no material limitations or known weaknesses. We performed tests to ensure that the model reasonably represents that which is intended to be modeled. We are relying on the GRS actuaries and Internal Software, Training, and Processes Team who developed and maintain the model.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the plan's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law.

Actuarial valuations do not affect the ultimate cost of the Plan, only the timing of contributions into the Plan. Plan funding occurs over time. Contribution shortfalls (the difference between the actual contributions and the annual required contributions) remain the responsibility of the Plan sponsor. If the contribution levels over a period of years are lower or higher than necessary, it is normal and expected practice for adjustments to be made to future contribution levels to take account of this variance, with a view to funding the plan over time.



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This report should not be relied on for any purpose other than the purpose stated.

This report reflects the impact of COVID-19 through December 31, 2021. However, this report does not reflect the longer term and still developing future impact of COVID-19, which is likely to further influence demographic experience and economic expectations. We will continue to monitor these developments and their impact on the Fund and the actuarial assumptions. Actual experience will be reflected in each subsequent annual valuation, as experience emerges.

This report was prepared at the request of the Board and is intended for use by the Fund and those designated or approved by the Board. This report may be provided to parties other than the Fund only in its entirety and only with the permission of the Fund. GRS is not responsible for unauthorized use of this report.

Lance J. Weiss and Amy Williams are Members of the American Academy of Actuaries and meet the Qualification Standards of the American Academy of Actuaries to render the actuarial opinion herein.

The signing actuaries are independent of the plan sponsor.

Respectfully yours,
Gabriel, Roeder, Smith & Company

Lance J. Weiss, EA, MAAA, FCA Senior Consultant and Team Leader Amy Williams, ASA, MAAA, FCA Senior Consultant

Umy Williams



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This report sets forth the results of the actuarial valuation of the Policemen's Annuity and Benefit Fund of the City of Chicago ("the PABF" or "the Fund") as of December 31, 2021. This actuarial valuation is based on the funding provisions in effect as of December 31, 2021. The purposes of this actuarial valuation are:

- 1. To provide the statutory contribution for tax levy year 2023 (i.e., payment year 2024) based on the provisions of Public Act 99-0506.
- 2. To estimate the projected statutory contributions for tax levy years after 2023 based on the provisions of Public Act 99-0506, for purposes of developing the blended discount rate under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.
- 3. To develop the actuarially determined contributions (ADC) under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 for plan year 2022.
- 4. To review the funded status of the Fund as of December 31, 2021, based on the statutes in effect as of the actuarial valuation date.

The funded status, in basic terms, is a comparison of Fund liabilities to Fund assets expressed as either unfunded liability or as a ratio of assets to liabilities. This comparison can be measured in various ways. Fund liabilities are dependent on the actuarial assumptions and actuarial cost method. Fund assets can be measured at market value, book value or some variation to smooth the fluctuations that invariably occur from year to year.

Funded status is measured differently for statutory funding and for Fund and City financial reports. The following chart shows how funded status is determined for each purpose.

| Purpose | ACTUARIAL COST METHOD | Asset Value |
|--|-----------------------|---|
| Statutory Funding | Entry-Age Normal | Actuarial (Market-Related) Value of Assets |
| Fund reporting after 2014 (GASB Statement No. 67 for pension benefits) | Entry-Age Normal | Market Value of Assets |
| City reporting after 2015 (GASB Statement No. 68 for pension benefits) | Entry-Age Normal | Market Value of Assets |

Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, each participant's projected benefit is allocated on a level percent of pay basis from entry age to assumed exit age. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the portion of the present value associated with pay prior to the actuarial valuation date. The Normal Cost is the portion of the present value associated with pay during the current plan year.

The actuarial (market-related) value of assets is determined from market value with investment gains and losses smoothed over a five-year period. The actuarial assumptions used to determine the liabilities are the same in all three measures, with the exception of the investment return assumption.



Comments on Results

P.A. 99-0506, effective as of May 30, 2016, changed the City's contribution policy to a fixed dollar contribution of \$420 million in payment year 2016, \$464 million in payment year 2017, \$500 million in payment year 2018, \$557 million in payment year 2019, and \$579 million in payment year 2020. For payment years after 2020, the City is required to make level percent of pay contributions for plan years through 2055 that, along with member contributions and investment earnings, are expected to generate a projected funded ratio of 90% by plan year end 2055.

This actuarial valuation determines the statutory contribution of **\$851.1** million (64.1% of projected pay) for tax levy year 2023 (i.e., payment year 2024).

Under the current statutory funding policy the funded ratio is projected to increase slowly over the next 10 years from **24.0%** in 2021 to 35.1% in 2031. The funded ratio is projected to increase to 47.6% in 2040, 71.1% in 2050, and 90.0% in 2055. The statutory funding policy generates "back-loaded" City contributions with slow growth in the funded ratio. Underfunding the Fund creates the risk that the long-term investment return cannot be supported, minimal investment income is available to pay benefits, or worse, that benefit obligations cannot be met from the trust.

The calculations in this report were prepared based on the funding policy methods required by Public Act 99-0506. In light of the current funded status of this Retirement Fund, we do not endorse this funding policy because the Statutory funding policy defers funding for benefits into the future and places a higher burden on future generations of taxpayers.

We recommend a funding policy that contributes the net normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability over a reasonable period. For example, contributing the net normal cost plus amortization of the unfunded actuarial liability on a level dollar basis over a 30-year period in our opinion would produce a reasonable growth pattern in the funded ratio. Using this basis, the City's Actuarially Determined Contribution ("ADC") for plan year end 2022, net of member contributions, is approximately \$1,085.2 million or 84.2% of payroll which compares to the current statutory contribution of \$799.4 million or 62.0% of payroll. The ADC is a required disclosure item under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68. We recognize that the State Statute governs the funding policy of the Fund. The purpose of these recommendations is to highlight the difference between the Statutory appropriation methodology and an actuarially sound funding policy and to highlight the risks and additional costs of continuing to underfund the Fund.

Effective with Fiscal Year ending December 31, 2014, GASB Statement No. 67 is used for pension plan financial reporting requirements. GASB Statement No. 68 is used for employer financial reporting effective with fiscal year ending December 31, 2015. The discount rate used for GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 reporting purposes will be based on a single equivalent discount rate using a combination of 6.75% for the projected benefits for all current members that can be paid from current assets and projected investment return, future employee contributions from current members, and future employer contributions attributable to current members, and a municipal bond rate for the portion of the projected benefits after assets are depleted.



The municipal bond rate is based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). We believe the liability based on the GASB single equivalent discount rate will become an important liability for users of the Fund's financial information.

Due to the single equivalent discount rate and shorter amortization periods required under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68, the unfunded liabilities and pension expense will be much higher and more volatile than under the prior GASB standards. The measurements required under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 are provided in a separate report.

The total unfunded actuarial accrued liability (based on the actuarial value of assets) was approximately \$385 million more than expected. The unfunded liability as of December 31, 2021 was \$11.76 billion compared to an expected value of \$11.38 billion.

Using the actuarial value of assets produced an unfunded liability of \$11.76 billion and a funded ratio of 24.0%. Using the market value of assets produced an unfunded liability of \$11.62 billion and a funded ratio 24.9%. Using the book value of assets produced an unfunded liability of \$12.24 billion and a funded ratio of 20.9%.

Please note the highlighted area on page 33 showing the age/service distribution for active members. A large portion of the population is at or nearing retirement. In addition, the number of active members has decreased over the past three years. We should continue to monitor this as the ratio of actives to retirees has been steadily declining, which can ultimately have a large impact on contribution requirements. A more thorough examination of these and other factors can be found in the 2021 Gain/Loss Analysis explanation on pages 11 and 12 and the gain/loss information in Table 5.

A summary of the primary results of this actuarial valuation is shown in the following table.



| Actuarial Valuation at: | 12/31/2 | 2020 | 12/31/2021 | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | \$ in Millions % | of Proj Pay ¹ | \$ in Millions % | of Proj Pay ¹ | |
| Contribution Levels | | | | | |
| Statutory Contribution ² Tax Levy Year/Payment Year | \$ 799.45 2022 / 2023 | 63.43% | \$ 851.10 2023 / 2024 | 64.10% | |
| Actuarially Determined Contribution ³ Plan Year | 1,047.84 2021 | 85.46 | 1,085.16 2022 | 84.21 | |
| Funded Status - Actuarial Value 4 | | | | | |
| Actuarial Value of Assets | \$ 3,399.99 | | \$ 3,709.38 | | |
| Actuarial Liability | 14,703.12 | | 15,470.64 | | |
| Funded Ratio | 23.12% | | 23.98% | | |
| Funded Status - Market Value | | | | | |
| Market Value of Assets | \$ 3,441.95 | | \$ 3,846.66 | | |
| Actuarial Liability | 14,703.12 | | 15,470.64 | | |
| Funded Ratios | 23.41% | | 24.86% | | |

¹For the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, payroll as of the valuation date was \$1,196 million and projected payroll was estimated to be \$1,226 million in 2021. For the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021, payroll as of the valuation date was \$1,258 million and projected payroll is estimated to be \$1,289 million in 2022.



²Pursuant to P.A. 99-0506, the fiscal year 2022 tax levy, payable in fiscal year 2023, is equal to \$799,446,710 and the fiscal year 2023 tax levy, payable in fiscal year 2024, is equal to \$851,100,156. The statutory contribution expressed as a percentage of pay is based on projected payroll for the respective tax levy year.

³The ADC for fiscal year December 31, 2022 was based on a 30-year level dollar amortization policy.

⁴Also used to determine the Actuarially Determined Contribution under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

Five-Year Projection of Statutory Contributions

Following is a five-year projection of the statutory contributions based on statutory actuarial calculations.

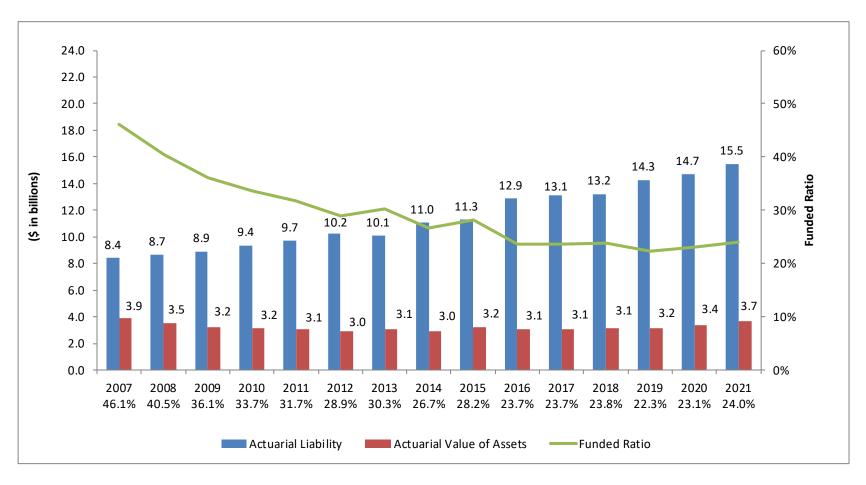
| City Contributions \$ in Thousands | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Tax Levy Year | Payment Year | Statutory Contribution | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 2022 | \$ 786,793 | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 2023 | 799,447 | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 2024 | 851,100 | | | | | | |
| 2024 | 2025 | 872,782 | | | | | | |
| 2025 | 2026 | 894,135 | | | | | | |

Statutory Contributions for payment years 2025 and 2026 are estimated amounts and will be updated in subsequent actuarial valuations.

That statutory contribution for payment year 2023 of \$799.4 million as shown in the table above was determined in the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation. The statutory contribution for payment year 2024 is \$851.1 million, which is approximately 64.1% of projected payroll in 2024. After 2024, the projected city contribution is 64.1% of projected payroll but will increase as a dollar amount as payroll increases. Full projection results through 2055 are shown in Table 3a. The Statutory contributions set forth in this report represent the contribution amount determined consistent with the State Statute.



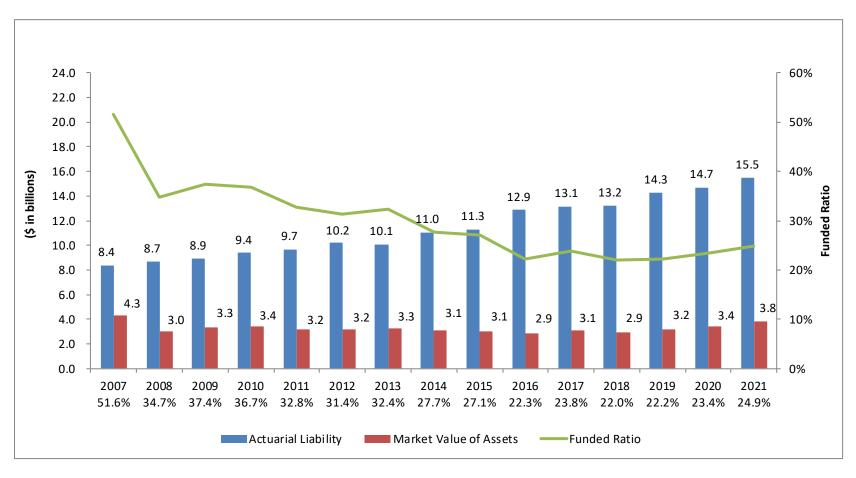
Components of Funded Ratio State Reporting



State reporting for 2016 through 2021 uses the Entry-Age Normal cost method. Years 2013 through 2015 used Projected Unit Credit for Actuarial Liabilities. Actuarial Liabilities prior to 2013 also use the Entry-Age Normal cost method. State reporting of assets is based on Actuarial (Market-Related) Value for Assets beginning in 2013 and Book Value of assets prior to 2013.



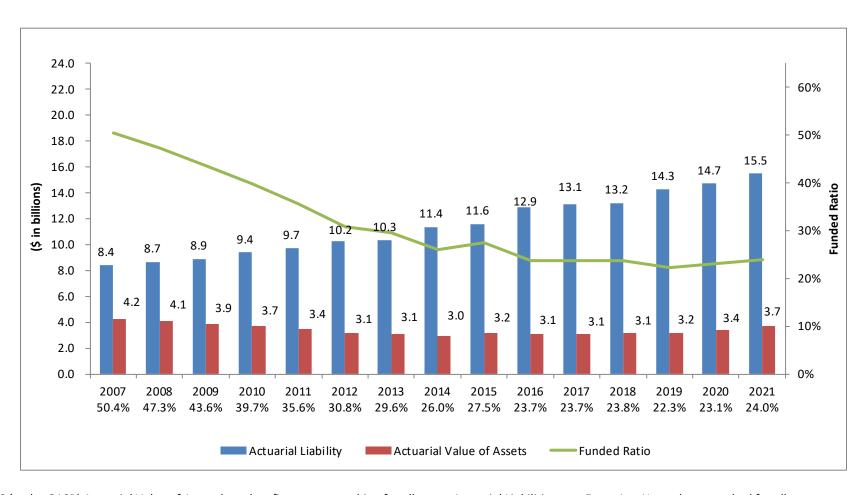
Components of Funded Ratio Market Value of Assets



Years 2013 through 2015 used Projected Unit Credit for Actuarial Liabilities and Actuarial Liabilities for 2016 through 2021 and all years prior to 2013 used the Entry-Age Normal cost method. Market Value of Assets used for all years.



Components of Funded Ratio Based on ADC under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68



ADC (under GASB) Actuarial Value of Assets based on five-year smoothing for all years. Actuarial Liabilities uses Entry-Age Normal cost method for all years.



Participants

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2021 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Active Participants | | |
| Number | 12,715 | 12,126 |
| Average Age | 42.3 | 42.4 |
| Average Service | 14.3 | 14.4 |
| Average Annual Salary | \$94,061 ¹ | \$103,772 ² |
| Retirees | | |
| Number | 10,283 | 10,601 |
| Average Age | 69.7 | 69.6 |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$5,934 | \$6,079 |
| Survivors | | |
| Number | 3,092 | 3,130 |
| Average Age | 76.7 | 77.0 |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$2,112 | \$2,184 |
| Disabilities | | |
| Number | 213 | 218 |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$5,072 | \$5,347 |
| Children | | |
| Number | 312 | 311 |
| Average Monthly Benefit | \$435 | \$435 |

¹ Average annual salary for fiscal year end December 31, 2020 would have been \$91,107 without the addition of duty availability pay.

The major characteristics of the Fund participants are summarized as follows:

A large portion of the active participant population is nearing or is eligible for retirement; 34.8% of the workforce is between the ages of 45 and 54, while 34.3% have 20 or more years of service. Total participants receiving benefits under the Fund, including retirees, disabilities, survivors and children increased 2.6% during 2021 from 13,900 to 14,260. The total retiree count increased by 3.1% during 2021. Total expenditures for benefits increased from \$841.6 million in 2020 to \$887.1 million during 2021, or 5.4%. There are more participants receiving benefits under the Fund than active members accruing benefits.

Changes in Provisions of the Fund

The following Public Acts passed in 2021 by the 101st General Assembly and 102nd General Assembly, included changes to the Fund Provisions.



² Average annual salary for fiscal year end December 31, 2021 would have been \$100,110 without the addition of duty availability pay.

P.A. 101-0653, Effective February 26, 2021

Extended the dates for which COVID-19 is included as a cause of eligibility for certain annuities related to death in the line of duty.

P.A. 102-0125, Effective July 23, 2021

Made changes to provisions concerning credit for service while on a leave of absence from the police department and assigned or detailed to perform safety or investigative work.

A detailed description of the provisions of the Public Acts can be found in the Historical Information section of this report.

Discussion of Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions are used to project future demographic and economic expectations for purposes of valuing the liabilities of the plan. The assumptions should reflect current patterns. However, their primary orientation is the long-term outlook for each factor affecting the valuation. Thus, while actual experience will fluctuate over the short run, actuarial assumptions are chosen in an attempt to model the future long run experience.

There are two general types of actuarial assumptions:

- 1. Demographic Assumptions reflect the flow of participants into and out of a retirement system; and
- 2. Economic Assumptions reflect the effect of the economic climate on a retirement system.

Demographic assumptions can be readily studied over recent plan experience. Economic assumptions can be studied against recent experience; however, future experience is more likely to be a result of outside factors than of plan specifics. The most significant demographic assumptions are active turnover, retirement, disability incidence, and post-retirement mortality. The most significant economic assumptions are pay increases, investment return, and inflation. Other actuarial assumptions include active mortality and percent married.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

All actuarial assumptions remain unchanged from the prior actuarial valuation and reflect the results of the experience study performed for the period of January 1, 2014 through December 31, 2018, approved by the Board on August 27, 2019, first effective with the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The assumptions used are set forth in Appendix 4: Actuarial Methods and Assumptions.



2021 Gain/Loss Analysis

We performed a gain/loss analysis of the major factors which contributed to the change in the unfunded actuarial liability between December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2021. A discussion by source follows.

Turnover

We reviewed withdrawals in 2021 from the Fund for reasons other than retirement, death, or disability. The ratio of actual withdrawals to expected withdrawals was 238% (138% more than expected). The overall result is a small actuarial gain.

Retirement

There were more retirements from active members during 2021 than expected. The ratio of actual retirements to expected retirements was 141%, resulting in an actuarial loss to the Fund.

Disability

The number of new disabled participants during 2021 was less than expected. The ratio of actual to expected disability was 48%, resulting in an actuarial gain to the Fund.

Mortality

There were more active member deaths and more annuitant deaths than expected during 2021, which resulted in a net actuarial gain to the Fund.

Pay Increase

For continuing active members in the 2020 and 2021 actuarial valuations, average salaries increased by 12.35% based on members' pay rates as of December 31 in each respective year. The 2021 salary is based on December 31 pay rates from the most recent collective bargaining agreements. This was more than the expected increase of 7.58% from the 2020 salary based on the salary increase assumptions. The higher than expected salary increases resulted in an actuarial loss to the Fund.

Investment Return

During 2021, assets earned 13.80% on a market basis, 7.44% on a book basis and 8.04% on an actuarial basis which compares to the 2021 assumed return of 6.75%. The market value rate of return was developed by the Fund's investment consultant, NEPC. The actuarial value and book value returns were estimated by GRS. During the year, the fund experienced a market value asset gain due to investment performance, and an actuarial gain on an actuarial (smoothed) value basis.

Data and Other Sources

There was a small gain on liabilities due to the retiree health subsidy that was offset by actuarial losses in liabilities due to unexpected benefit changes, and other changes in demographic data.

Plan Provision Changes

The legislative changes to the Fund during calendar year 2021 did not directly impact the actuarial assumptions used to value the actuarial accrued liability of current active members as of December 31, 2021. Changes in liabilities for participants impacted by the legislative changes will flow through as a demographic gain or loss annually.



Assumption Changes

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions during the plan year ending December 31, 2021.

Conclusion

Based on our analysis of the recent experience and expectation of the future, we believe that the actuarial assumptions are reasonable for the purpose of the measurement of the Fund's costs in effect as of December 31, 2021, under the provisions of P.A. 99-0506. Table 5 of Appendix 1 shows a more detailed development of the actuarial gains and losses for the plan year ending December 31, 2021.



Risks Associated with Measuring the Accrued Liability and Actuarially Determined Contribution

The determination of the accrued liability and the statutory contribution requires the use of actuarial assumptions regarding future economic and demographic experience. Risk measures, as illustrated in this report, are intended to aid in the understanding of the effects of future experience differing from the actuarial assumptions used in the course of the actuarial valuation. Risk measures may also help with illustrating the potential volatility in the accrued liability and the total required employer contribution that result from the differences between actual experience and the actuarial assumptions.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements presented in this report due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions due to changing conditions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements (such as the end of an amortization period, or additional cost or contribution requirements based on the Fund's funded status); and changes in plan provisions or applicable law. The scope of this actuarial valuation does not include an analysis of the potential range of such future measurements.

Examples of risk that may reasonably be anticipated to significantly affect the Fund's future financial condition include:

- 1. Investment risk actual investment returns may differ from the expected returns;
- 2. Asset/Liability mismatch changes in asset values may not match changes in liabilities, thereby altering the gap between the accrued liability and assets and consequently altering the funded status and contribution requirements;
- 3. Contribution risk actual contributions may differ from expected future contributions. For example, actual contributions may not be made in accordance with the Fund's funding policy or material changes may occur in the anticipated number of covered employees, covered payroll, or other relevant contribution base;
- 4. Salary and Payroll risk actual salaries and total payroll may differ from expected, resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected;
- 5. Longevity risk members may live longer or shorter than expected and receive pensions for a period of time other than assumed; and
- 6. Other demographic risks members may terminate, retire, or become disabled at times other than assumed resulting in actual future accrued liability and contributions differing from expected.

The effects of certain trends in experience can generally be anticipated. For example, if the investment return since the most recent actuarial valuation is less (or more) than the assumed rate, the cost of the plan can be expected to increase (or decrease). Likewise, if longevity is improving (or worsening), increases (or decreases) in cost can be anticipated.

The statutory contribution for tax levy year 2023 shown on page 21 should be considered as the minimum contribution that complies with the funding policy governed by statute. The timely receipt of the statutory contribution is critical to support the financial health of the Fund. Users of this report should be aware that contributions made at the statutorily determined amount do not necessarily guarantee benefit security.



Risks Associated with Measuring the Accrued Liability and Actuarially Determined Contribution

Plan Maturity Measures

Risks facing a pension plan evolve over time. A young plan with virtually no investments and paying few benefits may experience little investment risk. An older plan with a large number of members in pay status and a significant trust may be much more exposed to investment risk. Generally accepted plan maturity measures include the following:

| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
|---|--------|-------|-------|
| Ratio of the Market Value of Assets to Covered Payroll | 2.57 | 2.88 | 3.06 |
| Ratio of Actuarial Accrued Liability to Covered Payroll | 11.61 | 12.29 | 12.29 |
| Ratio of Actives to Retirees, Disabilities, and Beneficiaries | 0.97 | 0.91 | 0.85 |
| Ratio of Net Cash Flow to Market Value of Assets | -3.56% | 0.22% | 0.90% |

Ratio of Market Value of Assets to Payroll

The relationship between assets and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions. For example, if the market value of assets is 5.0 times the payroll, a return on assets 5 percent different than assumed would equal 25 percent of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in plan sponsor contributions as a percentage of payroll.

Ratio of Actuarial Accrued Liability to Payroll

The relationship between actuarial accrued liability and payroll is a useful indicator of the potential volatility of contributions for a fully funded plan. A funding policy that targets a funded ratio of 100 percent is expected to result in the ratio of assets to payroll and the ratio of liability to payroll converging over time.

The ratio of liability to payroll may also be used as a measure of sensitivity of the liability itself. For example, if the actuarial accrued liability is 13 times the payroll, a change in liability 2 percent other than assumed would equal 26 percent of payroll. A higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) level of this maturity measure generally indicates a higher (lower) or increasing (decreasing) volatility in liability (and also plan sponsor contributions) as a percentage of payroll.



Risks Associated with Measuring the Accrued Liability and Actuarially Determined Contribution

Ratio of Actives to Retirees and Beneficiaries

A young plan with many active members and few retirees will have a high ratio of actives to retirees. A mature open plan may have close to the same number of actives to retirees resulting in a ratio near 1.0. A super-mature or closed plan may have significantly more retirees than actives resulting in a ratio below 1.0.

Ratio of Net Cash Flow to Market Value of Assets

A positive net cash flow means contributions exceed benefits and expenses. A negative cash flow means existing funds are being used to make payments. A certain amount of negative net cash flow is generally expected to occur when benefits are prefunded through a qualified trust. Large negative net cash flows as a percent of assets may indicate a super-mature plan or a need for additional contributions.

Additional Risk Assessment

Additional risk assessment is outside the scope of the annual actuarial valuation. Additional assessment may include scenario tests, sensitivity tests, stochastic modeling, stress tests, and a comparison of the present value of accrued benefits at low-risk discount rates with the actuarial accrued liability.





RESULTS OF ACTUARIAL VALUATION

Summary

Table 1A

| | December 31, 2020 | | | December 31, 2021 |
|---|----------------------|---------------|----|----------------------|
| Assets | | | | |
| Book Value - Beginning of Year | \$ | 2,905,705,745 | \$ | 2,969,842,664 |
| <u>Income</u> | | | | |
| Investment Income Net of Expenses | \$ | 56,510,394 | \$ | 222,044,504 |
| Employer Contributions | | 739,440,979 | | 788,769,979 |
| Employee Contributions | | 113,621,747 | | 136,225,041 |
| Miscellaneous | | 472,449 | | 91,594 |
| Subtotal | \$ | 910,045,569 | \$ | 1,147,131,118 |
| | | | | |
| Outgo (Refunds, Benefits, & Administration) | \$ | 845,908,650 | \$ | 890,461,443 |
| Book Value - End of Year | \$ | 2,969,842,664 | \$ | 3,226,512,339 |
| Market Value - End of Year | • | 3,441,946,255 | · | 3,846,664,456 |
| Actuarial Value - End of Year | | 3,399,988,145 | | 3,709,382,279 |
| Member Counts | | | | |
| Active | | 12,715 | | 12,126 |
| Retirees | | 10,283 | | 10,601 |
| Survivors | | 3,092 | | 3,130 |
| Disabilities | | 213 | | 218 |
| Inactives | | 801 | | 940 |
| Children | | 312 | | 311 |
| Payroll Data ¹ | | | | |
| Valuation Payroll | \$ | 1,195,980,486 | \$ | 1,258,338,033 |
| Average Salary | т | 94,061 | τ' | 103,772 |

¹ Payroll shown based on annualized pay rate at December 31, and does not include Tier 2 pensionable pay cap.



Summary

Table 1B

| Actuarial Values | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2021 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Statutory Funding | | |
| Actuarial Liability | \$ 14,703,118,659 | \$ 15,470,642,614 |
| Assets - Actuarial Value | 3,399,988,145 | 3,709,382,279 |
| Unfunded Liability | 11,303,130,514 | 11,761,260,335 |
| Funded Ratio | 23.12% | 23.98% |
| Statutory Employer Contribution ¹ | \$ 786,792,834 | \$ 799,446,710 |
| (Tax Levy Year) | (2021) | (2022) |
| Book Value Funding | | |
| Actuarial Liability | \$ 14,703,118,659 | \$ 15,470,642,614 |
| Assets - Book Value | 2,969,842,664 | 3,226,512,339 |
| Unfunded Liability | 11,733,275,995 | 12,244,130,275 |
| Funded Ratio | 20.20% | 20.86% |
| Termination Values | | |
| Liability ² | \$ 11,155,416,131 | \$ 11,767,242,674 |
| Assets - Book Value | 2,969,842,664 | 3,226,512,339 |
| Deficiency | 8,185,573,467 | 8,540,730,335 |
| Quick Ratio | 26.62% | 27.42% |
| Market Value Funding | | |
| Actuarial Liability | \$ 14,703,118,659 | \$ 15,470,642,614 |
| Assets - Market Value | 3,441,946,255 | 3,846,664,456 |
| Unfunded Liability | 11,261,172,404 | 11,623,978,158 |
| Funded Ratio | 23.41% | 24.86% |
| ADC Values | | |
| Actuarial Liability - Entry Age ³ | \$ 14,703,118,659 | \$ 15,470,642,614 |
| Assets - Actuarial Value | 3,399,988,145 | 3,709,382,279 |
| Unfunded Liability ³ | 11,303,130,514 | 11,761,260,335 |
| Funded Ratio | 23.12% | 23.98% |
| Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) | 1,047,839,052 | 1,085,158,790 |
| (Plan Year End) | (2021) | (2022) |

¹Pursuant to P.A. 99-0506, the fiscal year 2022 tax levy, payable in fiscal year 2023, is equal to \$799,446,710 and the fiscal year 2023 tax levy, payable in fiscal year 2024, is estimated to be \$851,100,156.



²Includes total liability for inactive and deferred members, and accumulated member contributions.

³Used to develop the Actuarially Determined Contribution under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68.

Summary

Table 1C

Active Accrued Liability and Normal Cost by Tier

As of December 31, 2021

| | Tie | er 1 Members | Tie | er 2 Members ¹ | | Total |
|---|-----|---------------|-----|---------------------------|------|---------------|
| (1) Count | | 7,071 | | 5,055 | | 12,126 |
| (2) Payroll ² | \$ | 798,108,869 | \$ | 460,229,164 | \$: | 1,258,338,033 |
| (3) Average Payroll ² | \$ | 112,871 | \$ | 91,044 | \$ | 103,772 |
| (4) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) | \$4 | 1,917,178,046 | \$ | 415,436,209 | \$! | 5,332,614,255 |
| (5) Total Normal Cost | \$ | 182,741,033 | \$ | 81,714,303 | \$ | 264,455,336 |
| (6) Total Normal Cost as a Percent of Pay | | 22.9% | | 17.8% | | 21.0% |
| (7) Estimated Member Contributions ³ | \$ | 72,041,928 | \$ | 41,559,545 | \$ | 113,601,473 |
| (8) Net Normal Cost | \$ | 110,699,105 | \$ | 40,154,758 | \$ | 150,853,863 |
| (9) Net Normal Cost as a Percent of Pay | | 13.9% | | 8.7% | | 12.0% |

¹Members hired on or after January 1, 2011.



²Payroll shown based on annualized pay rate at December 31, 2021 and does not include Tier 2 pensionable pay cap.

³Based on expected capped pay for plan year end December 31, 2021.

Summary of Basic Actuarial Values

Table 2

| | Actuarial Present Value (APV) of Projected Benefits | | | Actuarial Accrued Liability (A As of 12/31/2021 | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------|----|--|----|----------------|----|-------------|
| (1) Values for Active Members | A | s of 12/31/2021 | | Total | | Tier 1 | | Tier 2 |
| (a) Retirement | \$ | 7,132,775,713 | \$ | 5,138,981,724 | \$ | 4,775,500,976 | \$ | 363,480,748 |
| (b) Termination | | 121,789,750 | | 18,393,655 | | 7,053,397 | | 11,340,258 |
| (c) Disability | | 405,172,152 | | 155,454,584 | | 118,362,225 | | 37,092,359 |
| (d) Death | | 54,852,047 | | 19,784,292 | | 16,261,448 | | 3,522,844 |
| Total for Actives | \$ | 7,714,589,662 | \$ | 5,332,614,255 | \$ | 4,917,178,046 | \$ | 415,436,209 |
| (2) Values for Inactive Members | | | | | | | | |
| (a) Retired | \$ | 9,095,447,435 | \$ | 9,095,447,435 | \$ | 9,095,447,435 | \$ | 0 |
| (b) Survivor | | 691,181,633 | | 691,181,633 | | 691,181,633 | | 0 |
| (c) Disability | | 255,542,802 | | 255,542,802 | | 247,350,788 | | 8,192,014 |
| (d) Inactive (Deferred Vested/ Terminated Pending Refund) | | 85,274,357 | | 85,274,357 | | 80,589,010 | | 4,685,347 |
| (e) Children | | 10,582,132 | | 10,582,132 | | 10,582,132 | | 0 |
| Total for Inactives | \$ | 10,138,028,359 | \$ | 10,138,028,359 | \$ | 10,125,150,998 | \$ | 12,877,361 |
| (3) Grand Totals | \$ | 17,852,618,021 | \$ | 15,470,642,614 | \$ | 15,042,329,044 | \$ | 428,313,570 |
| (4) Normal Cost for Active Members | \$ | 264,455,336 | | | | | | |
| (5) Actuarial Present Value of Future Compensation | \$ | 12,524,171,474 | | | | | | |

Inactive members whose tier was not provided in the valuation data are assumed to be in Tier 1.



Development of Statutory Contribution

Table 3A

| | Actuarial Valuation Projection Results as of December 31, 2021 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|--|-------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|----------|
| | | | | | Dis | count Rate o | of 6.75% | | | | | |
| | (\$ in Thousands) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Actuarial Market Actuarial Statutory | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Year | Accrued | Value of | Value of | Unfunded | Actuarial Value | Capped | Employer | Statutory | Contribution | Employee | Benefit | Admin |
| Ending | Liability | Assets | Assets | Liability | Funded Ratio ¹ | Payroll | Normal Cost | Contribution 2 | as % of Pay | Contributions | Payments | Expenses |
| 2021 | \$15,470,643 | \$3,846,664 | \$3,709,382 | \$11,761,260 | 23.98% | \$1,258,197 | \$121,583 | \$ 788,862 | 62.7% | \$136,225 | \$887,077 | \$ 3,385 |
| 2022 | 15,830,049 | 4,047,435 | 3,909,492 | 11,920,556 | 24.70% | 1,288,653 | 150,854 | 799,447 | 62.0% | 113,601 | 927,310 | 3,461 |
| 2023 | 16,199,164 | 4,301,959 | 4,235,659 | 11,963,506 | 26.15% | 1,327,842 | 147,974 | 851,100 | 64.1% | 120,116 | 945,028 | 3,539 |
| 2024 | 16,562,982 | 4,564,684 | 4,537,351 | 12,025,631 | 27.39% | 1,361,669 | 147,463 | 872,782 | 64.1% | 123,177 | 976,822 | 3,619 |
| 2025 | 16,917,872 | 4,833,302 | 4,833,302 | 12,084,570 | 28.57% | 1,394,984 | 146,737 | 894,135 | 64.1% | 126,208 | 1,011,536 | 3,700 |
| 2026 | 17,261,959 | 5,108,029 | 5,108,029 | 12,153,930 | 29.59% | 1,429,514 | 145,713 | 916,268 | 64.1% | 129,317 | 1,047,261 | 3,783 |
| 2027 | 17,594,814 | 5,391,649 | 5,391,649 | 12,203,165 | 30.64% | 1,467,369 | 144,733 | 940,532 | 64.1% | 132,718 | 1,083,034 | 3,868 |
| 2028 | 17,916,301 | 5,684,333 | 5,684,333 | 12,231,968 | 31.73% | 1,503,220 | 143,487 | 963,511 | 64.1% | 135,943 | 1,117,761 | 3,955 |
| 2029 | 18,224,461 | 5,981,760 | 5,981,760 | 12,242,700 | 32.82% | 1,532,263 | 141,660 | 982,126 | 64.1% | 138,535 | 1,152,429 | 4,044 |
| 2030 | 18,518,190 | 6,283,121 | 6,283,121 | 12,235,069 | 33.93% | 1,559,595 | 139,738 | 999,645 | 64.1% | 140,985 | 1,187,055 | 4,135 |
| 2031 | 18,797,994 | 6,590,965 | 6,590,965 | 12,207,029 | 35.06% | 1,588,242 | 137,870 | 1,018,007 | 64.1% | 143,539 | 1,220,409 | 4,228 |
| 2032 | 19,064,227 | 6,908,318 | 6,908,318 | 12,155,909 | 36.24% | 1,619,171 | 136,148 | 1,037,832 | 64.1% | 146,302 | 1,252,866 | 4,324 |
| 2033 | 19,316,485 | 7,236,334 | 7,236,334 | 12,080,152 | 37.46% | 1,649,861 | 134,252 | 1,057,503 | 64.1% | 149,018 | 1,284,604 | 4,421 |
| 2034 | 19,554,739 | 7,574,910 | 7,574,910 | 11,979,829 | 38.74% | 1,677,352 | 132,052 | 1,075,123 | 64.1% | 151,427 | 1,314,846 | 4,520 |
| 2035 | 19,780,226 | 7,924,842 | 7,924,842 | 11,855,384 | 40.06% | 1,701,399 | 129,779 | 1,090,537 | 64.1% | 153,513 | 1,342,584 | 4,622 |
| 2036 | 19,993,687 | 8,285,274 | 8,285,274 | 11,708,414 | 41.44% | 1,719,973 | 127,270 | 1,102,442 | 64.1% | 155,102 | 1,368,032 | 4,726 |
| 2037 | 20,196,938 | 8,658,772 | 8,658,772 | 11,538,166 | 42.87% | 1,737,320 | 124,797 | 1,113,561 | 64.1% | 156,547 | 1,390,834 | 4,832 |
| 2038 | 20,390,734 | 9,045,995 | 9,045,995 | 11,344,739 | 44.36% | 1,751,952 | 122,268 | 1,122,940 | 64.1% | 157,745 | 1,411,933 | 4,941 |
| 2039 | 20,576,500 | 9,449,642 | 9,449,642 | 11,126,858 | 45.92% | 1,766,289 | 119,862 | 1,132,129 | 64.1% | 158,892 | 1,431,106 | 5,052 |
| 2040 | 20,755,470 | 9,872,349 | 9,872,349 | 10,883,121 | 47.57% | 1,780,636 | 117,705 | 1,141,325 | 64.1% | 160,015 | 1,448,786 | 5,166 |
| 2041 | 20,929,509 | 10,318,447 | 10,318,447 | 10,611,062 | 49.30% | 1,796,701 | 115,912 | 1,151,622 | 64.1% | 161,271 | 1,464,714 | 5,282 |
| 2042 | 21,099,981 | 10,791,322 | 10,791,322 | 10,308,659 | 51.14% | 1,813,458 | 114,422 | 1,162,363 | 64.1% | 162,595 | 1,479,371 | 5,401 |
| 2043 | 21,268,191 | 11,294,319 | 11,294,319 | 9,973,872 | 53.10% | 1,830,720 | 113,242 | 1,173,427 | 64.1% | 163,957 | 1,492,879 | 5,523 |
| 2044 | 21,435,105 | 11,830,680 | 11,830,680 | 9,604,425 | 55.19% | 1,848,603 | 112,353 | 1,184,889 | 64.1% | 165,366 | 1,505,641 | 5,647 |
| 2045 | 21,601,596 | 12,404,050 | 12,404,050 | 9,197,546 | 57.42% | 1,867,685 | 111,778 | 1,197,120 | 64.1% | 166,891 | 1,517,907 | 5,774 |
| 2046 | 21,768,616 | 13,018,382 | 13,018,382 | 8,750,234 | 59.80% | 1,887,994 | 111,492 | 1,210,138 | 64.1% | 168,486 | 1,529,579 | 5,904 |
| 2047 | 21,937,473 | 13,678,097 | 13,678,097 | 8,259,376 | 62.35% | 1,909,450 | 111,528 | 1,223,890 | 64.1% | 170,217 | 1,540,480 | 6,037 |
| 2048 | 22,109,158 | 14,387,438 | 14,387,438 | 7,721,719 | 65.07% | 1,931,831 | 111,820 | 1,238,236 | 64.1% | 171,986 | 1,550,837 | 6,172 |
| 2049 | 22,283,668 | 15,149,621 | 15,149,621 | 7,134,047 | 67.99% | 1,954,674 | 112,329 | 1,252,877 | 64.1% | 173,781 | 1,561,622 | 6,311 |
| 2050 | 22,461,247 | 15,968,386 | 15,968,386 | 6,492,862 | 71.09% | 1,978,086 | 113,066 | 1,267,884 | 64.1% | 175,658 | 1,572,667 | 6,453 |
| 2051 | 22,642,635 | 16,848,209 | 16,848,209 | 5,794,427 | 74.41% | 2,001,963 | 113,961 | 1,283,188 | 64.1% | 177,588 | 1,583,407 | 6,598 |
| 2052 | 22,829,041 | 17,794,306 | 17,794,306 | 5,034,734 | 77.95% | 2,026,294 | 114,991 | 1,298,783 | 64.1% | 179,583 | 1,593,427 | 6,747 |
| 2053 | 23,022,146 | 18,812,629 | 18,812,629 | 4,209,517 | 81.72% | 2,050,992 | 116,113 | 1,314,614 | 64.1% | 181,624 | 1,602,283 | 6,899 |
| 2054 | 23,222,957 | 19,908,718 | 19,908,718 | 3,314,238 | 85.73% | 2,075,980 | 117,296 | 1,330,630 | 64.1% | 183,655 | 1,610,654 | 7,054 |
| 2055 | 23,431,907 | 21,087,877 | 21,087,877 | 2,344,030 | 90.00% | 2,101,318 | 118,556 | 1,346,871 | 64.1% | 185,696 | 1,619,197 | 7,213 |

¹ The funded ratio includes receivable contributions.

² Contribution receivable to be paid in the following fiscal year.



Development of Statutory Contribution

Table 3B

Key Projection Result Items

| | | Total |
|--|-----|---------------|
| (1) Total Normal Cost for 2023 | \$ | 268,089,639 |
| (2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) at 12/31/2022 1 | \$1 | 5,830,048,620 |
| (3) Actuarial Value of Assets at 12/31/2022 | \$ | 3,909,492,482 |
| (4) Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) (2-3) | \$1 | 1,920,556,138 |
| (5) Estimated Member Contributions during 2023 | \$ | 120,116,000 |
| (6) Estimated City Contribution for Tax Levy Year 2023 | \$ | 851,100,156 |

¹Liabilities were discounted at 6.75% per year.



Projection of Retiree Health Insurance Premium Subsidy

Table 3C

| Projected Retiree Health Insurance Premium Subsidy | | | | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Calendar Year \$ in Thousands | | | | | | |
| 2022 | \$ 1,744 | | | | | |
| 2023 | 1,875 | | | | | |
| 2024 | 1,997 | | | | | |
| 2025 | 2,098 | | | | | |
| 2026 | 2,181 | | | | | |

The present value as of December 31, 2021, of projected retiree health insurance premium subsidies is \$23,447,655. This amount is included in the actuarial accrued liability as of December 31, 2021, and the actuarial projections used to develop the statutory contribution requirements.



Development of Actuarially Determined Contribution under GASB Statement Nos. 67 and 68 for 2022

Table 4

| | Total |
|---|--|
| (1) Total Normal Cost for 2022 | \$ 264,455,336 |
| (2) Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) at 12/31/2021 | \$ 15,470,642,614 |
| (3) Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (a) Actuarial Value of Assets at 12/31/2021 (b) UAAL (2-3(a)) | \$ 3,709,382,279 11,761,260,335 |
| (4) Amortization Payable at Middle of Year ¹ | \$ 894,413,994 |
| (5) Estimated Member Contributions in 2022 | \$ 113,601,473 |
| (6) Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC) for 2022 (a) Interest Adjustment for Semimonthly Payment (b) Annual Required Contribution (1 + 4 - 5 + 6(a)) (c) Annual Required Contribution (Percent of Pay) | 39,890,933 \$ 1,085,158,790 84.21% |
| (7) Estimated City Contribution for Tax Levy Year 2022(a) in Dollars(b) as a Percentage of Pay | \$ 799,446,710 62.04% |
| (8) Estimated Deficiency/(Excess) for 2022 (a) in Dollars (6(b)-7(a)) (b) as a Percentage of Pay | \$ 285,712,080 22.17% |

¹ Amortization is over a 30-year open period as a level dollar amount.



Development of Actuarial Gains and Losses for 2021

Table 5

| <u>UNFU</u> | NDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY - BEGINNING OF 2021 | | | |
|-------------|---|------|---------------|-------------------|
| (1) | Actuarial Accrued Liability - 12/31/2020 | \$1 | 4,703,118,659 | |
| (2) | Actuarial Value of Assets - 12/31/2020 | | 3,399,988,145 | |
| (3) | Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability - 12/31/2020 | \$1 | 1,303,130,514 | |
| | | | | |
| | CTED UNFUNDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY - END OF 2021 | | | |
| . , | Normal Cost for 2021 | \$ | 257,808,478 | |
| . , | Total Contributions for 2021 | | 925,086,614 | |
| | Interest on (3), (4), & (5) at Valuation Rates | | 740,808,399 | |
| (7) | Expected Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability - 12/31/2021 | \$ 1 | 1,376,660,777 | |
| | ((3)+(4)-(5)+(6)) | | | |
| DEVIA | ITIONS FROM EXPECTED | | | % OF 12/31/20 AAL |
| (8) | (Gain)/Loss on Investment Return (Smoothed (Actuarial) Value) | \$ | (40,622,978) | -0.28% |
| (9) | (Gain)/Loss from Salary Changes | | 257,236,013 | 1.75% |
| (10) | (Gain)/Loss from Retirement | | 86,025,058 | 0.59% |
| (11) | (Gain)/Loss from Turnover | | (1,070,140) | -0.01% |
| (12) | (Gain)/Loss from Mortality | | (12,644,994) | -0.09% |
| (13) | (Gain)/Loss from Disability | | (7,609,538) | -0.05% |
| (14) | (Gain)/Loss from New Entrants and Rehired Members | | 2,764,639 | 0.02% |
| (15) | (Gain)/Loss Due to Retirees Whose Benefit was | | | |
| | Previously Suspended/Inactive | | 6,094,326 | 0.04% |
| (16) | (Gain)/Loss from All Other Sources ¹ | | 94,427,172 | 0.64% |
| (17) | Composite Actuarial (Gain)/Loss | \$ | 384,599,558 | 2.62% |
| (18) | (Gain)/Loss from Actuarial Cost Method Change | \$ | - | 0.00% |
| (19) | (Gain)/Loss from Provision Changes | \$ | - | 0.00% |
| (20) | (Gain)/Loss from Assumption Changes | \$ | - | 0.00% |
| UNFU | NDED ACTUARIAL ACCRUED LIABILITY - END OF 2021 | | | |
| (21) | Unfunded Accrued Actuarial Liability - 12/31/2021 | \$ 1 | 1,761,260,335 | |
| ` '/ | ((7)+(17)+(18)+(19)+(20)) | . – | , , ==,=== | |
| | | | | |

¹ Includes difference for Retiree Health Insurance Premium Subsidy and expected benefit increases due to contract updates for retirees who retired 2018-2021.



History of Recommended Employer Multiples*

Table 6

| | | | | | Normal Cost | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|----------|------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | Plus Amo | rtization ³ | | | |
| Year of | Statutory | P.A. 99-0506 | Normal Cost | | Level % | | | |
| Report | Multiple | Multiple | Plus Interest | Level \$ | of Salary | | | |
| 1992 ¹ | 2.00 | N/A | 3.23 | 3.36 | 2.11 | | | |
| 1993 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.23 | 3.37 | 2.10 | | | |
| 1994 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.05 | 3.18 | 1.98 | | | |
| 1995 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.34 | 3.49 | 2.17 | | | |
| 1996 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.19 | 3.32 | 2.10 | | | |
| 1997 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.10 | 3.23 | 2.04 | | | |
| 1998 ^{1,2} | 2.00 | N/A | 3.63 | 3.77 | 2.56 | | | |
| 1999 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.15 | 3.27 | 2.24 | | | |
| 2000 1 | 2.00 | N/A | 3.27 | 3.39 | 2.32 | | | |
| 2001 ² | 2.00 | N/A | 3.63 | 3.78 | 2.56 | | | |
| 2002 | 2.00 | N/A | 4.62 | 4.79 | 3.33 | | | |
| 2003 ^{1,2} | 2.00 | N/A | 4.46 | 4.63 | 3.23 | | | |
| 2004 ² | 2.00 | N/A | 4.99 | 5.18 | 3.60 | | | |
| 2005 ^{1,2} | 2.00 | N/A | 5.33 | 5.56 | 3.85 | | | |
| 2006 | 2.00 | N/A | 4.95 | 5.40 | 3.94 | | | |
| 2007 | 2.00 | N/A | 4.98 | 5.43 | 3.97 | | | |
| 2008 | 2.00 | N/A | 5.43 | 5.94 | 4.30 | | | |
| 2009 ¹ | 2.00 | N/A | 5.87 | 6.42 | 4.61 | | | |
| 2010 | 2.00 | N/A | 6.19 | 6.78 | 4.85 | | | |
| 2011 | 2.00 | N/A | 5.71 | 6.26 | 4.45 | | | |
| 2012 ¹ | 2.00 | N/A | 6.73 | 7.43 | 5.25 | | | |
| 2013 ² | 2.00 | N/A | 6.92 | 7.60 | 5.44 | | | |
| 2014 ¹ | 2.00 | N/A | 7.94 | 8.88 | 6.49 | | | |
| 2015 ⁴ | N/A | 4.57 | 7.76 | 8.68 | 6.35 | | | |
| 2016 ^{1,2,5} | N/A | 4.49 | 7.89 | 8.82 | 6.33 | | | |
| 2017 ⁵ | N/A | 5.13 | 8.49 | 9.49 | 6.80 | | | |
| 2018 ⁵ | N/A | 5.63 | 8.45 | 9.44 | 6.77 | | | |
| 2019 ^{1,5} | N/A | 5.63 | 8.65 | 9.81 | 7.22 | | | |
| 2020 ⁵ | N/A | 6.93 | 8.44 | 9.58 | 7.03 | | | |
| 2021 5 | N/A | 7.21 | 8.52 | 9.68 | 7.08 | | | |

¹Change in actuarial assumptions.

^{*}Based on book value of assets through 2013, then Actuarial Value of assets starting in 2014. Assumes 4% Tax Levy Loss.



²Change in benefits.

³Prior to 2005, amortizations were over a 40-year period. In 2005, pension unfunded liability was amortized over a 40-year period and OPEB liability over a 30-year period. Starting in 2006, both pension and OPEB amortizations are over a 30-year open period. Starting in 2013, OPEB amortizations are over a closed 3-year period as a level percent of pay.

⁴Funding based on P.A. 96-1495, plan provisions in effect as of December 31, 2015.

⁵Funding based on P.A. 99-0506.

Ordinary Death Benefit Reserve

Table 7

Actuarial Balance Sheet - 6% Basis

December 31, 2021

| ASSETS | |
|--|----------------|
| Fund Balance | \$(52,068,449) |
| Present Values of Future Contributions: | |
| Contributions by Members at \$30.00 per Year | 4,032,000 |
| Annual City Contribution of \$224,000 | 2,482,731 |
| Unfunded Liability | 76,719,056 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 31,165,338 |

LIABILITIES

Present Value of Future Death Benefits (6%, Plan Mortality Basis)

Active & Disabled Members \$ 2,382,894

Retired Members 28,782,444

TOTAL LIABILITIES \$ 31,165,338



Actuarial Accrued Liability Prioritized Solvency Test

Table 8

| Valuation | (1) Active and Inactive | (2) Retirees | (3) Active and Inactive | Actuarial | Portion (%) | of Present Val | lue Covered |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| Date | Member | and | Members (ER | Value of | | By Assets | |
| 12/31 | Contribution | Beneficiaries | Financed Portion) | Assets | (1) | (2) | (3) |
| 2007 | \$ 1,082,742,927 | \$ 5,006,931,293 | \$ 2,309,718,259 | \$ 4,231,681,817 | 100.00% | 62.89% | 0.00% |
| 2008 | 1,144,380,257 | 5,208,199,833 | 2,299,966,099 | 4,093,719,894 | 100.00% | 56.63% | 0.00% |
| 2009 1 | 1,217,645,647 | 5,391,373,730 | 2,291,882,108 | 3,884,978,241 | 100.00% | 49.47% | 0.00% |
| 2010 | 1,251,147,487 | 5,717,654,520 | 2,406,050,870 | 3,718,954,539 | 100.00% | 43.16% | 0.00% |
| 2011 | 1,286,345,939 | 6,041,684,411 | 2,360,319,555 | 3,444,690,362 | 100.00% | 35.72% | 0.00% |
| 2012 1 | 1,309,825,828 | 6,475,282,318 | 2,435,530,363 | 3,148,929,770 | 100.00% | 28.40% | 0.00% |
| 2013 2 | 1,358,193,244 | 6,594,792,197 | 2,127,620,103 | 3,053,881,777 | 100.00% | 25.71% | 0.00% |
| 2014 1 | 1,410,544,951 | 7,159,705,456 | 2,477,941,780 | 2,954,318,954 | 100.00% | 21.56% | 0.00% |
| 2015 | 1,484,316,625 | 7,279,289,531 | 2,524,630,892 | 3,186,423,762 | 100.00% | 23.38% | 0.00% |
| 2016 1,2 | 1,518,846,208 | 8,018,211,337 | 3,319,492,854 | 3,052,056,555 | 100.00% | 19.12% | 0.00% |
| 2017 | 1,532,514,218 | 8,344,902,504 | 3,216,465,846 | 3,103,989,602 | 100.00% | 18.83% | 0.00% |
| 2018 | 1,602,674,638 | 8,390,112,363 | 3,221,871,110 | 3,145,136,204 | 100.00% | 18.38% | 0.00% |
| 2019 ¹ | 1,634,237,599 | 8,887,010,483 | 3,748,521,831 | 3,179,502,852 | 100.00% | 17.39% | 0.00% |
| 2020 | 1,648,385,618 | 9,453,458,094 | 3,601,274,947 | 3,399,988,145 | 100.00% | 18.53% | 0.00% |
| 2021 | 1,648,593,934 | 10,052,754,002 | 3,769,294,678 | 3,709,382,279 | 100.00% | 20.50% | 0.00% |

¹Change in actuarial assumptions.



²Change in benefits.

APPENDIX 2

ASSETS OF THE PLAN

Reconciliation of Assets as of December 31, 2021

The book value of the plan assets, net of accounts payable, increased from \$2.970 billion as of December 31, 2020, to \$3.227 billion as of December 31, 2021. The market value of the plan assets, net of accounts payable, increased from \$3.442 billion as of December 31, 2020, to \$3.847 billion as of December 31, 2021. Table 9 details the development of asset values during 2021 and Table 10 shows the development of the actuarial value of assets as of December 31, 2021. In each future fiscal year, investment gains and losses will be phased in over a five-year period to determine the actuarial value of assets.

Table 9

| | 2020 | 2021 |
|--|---|--|
| Market Value of assets beginning of year¹ Adjustment as of January 1, 2021 | \$ 3,162,428,863 - | \$ 3,441,946,255 (48,376) ³ |
| 2. Income for plan year: | | |
| a) Member contributions b) City contributions c) Investment income net of expenses ¹ d) Miscellaneous revenue e) Total income | \$ 113,621,747 739,440,979 271,890,867 472,449 \$ 1,125,426,042 | \$ 136,225,041 788,769,979 370,141,406 91,594 \$ 1,295,228,020 |
| 3. Disbursements for plan year:a) Benefit payments | | |
| i) Pension, disability, and death benefit paymentsii) Healthcare premium subsidyb) Refunds | \$ 825,324,073 3,577,581 12,696,058 | \$ 867,782,620 1,527,882 17,766,049 |
| c) Administrationd) Total disbursements | 4,310,938 \$ 845,908,650 | 3,384,892 \$ 890,461,443 |
| 4. Market Value of assets end of year ¹ | \$ 3,441,946,255 | \$ 3,846,664,456 |
| Estimated rate of return during year: ² a) Gross | 12.47% | 13.95% |
| b) Net of investment expense (Investment expense of \$8,148,775 in 2020 and \$8,938,916 in 2021) | 12.29% | 13.80% |

¹Book value of assets as of December 31, 2020, is \$2,969,842,664, Investment income net of expenses used for Book value for plan year 2021 is \$222,044,504 and book value as of December 31, 2021, is \$3,226,512,339.

³Adjustment for the difference between the end of year market value of assets from the prior year actuarial valuation and the final end of year market value of assets from the prior year. Assets as of December 31, 2020 were updated subsequent to the delivery date of the actuarial valuation report which was presented to the Board on May 27, 2021. The updates did not significantly impact the certified contribution rate which was approved by the Board on May 27, 2021. The asset updates increased the administration expense from \$4,310,938 to \$4,359,314. The preceding changes decreased the market value of assets at December 31, 2020 from \$3,441,946,255 to \$3,441,897,879.



²Plan year 2020 and 2021 returns were developed by NEPC.

Development of Actuarial (Market-Related) Value of Assets as of December 31, 2021

Table 10

| Year Ending December 31 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | 2025 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Beginning of Year: | | | | | | |
| (1) Market Value of Assets | \$3,162,428,863 | \$3,441,946,255 | | | | |
| (1a) Adjustment as of January 1, 2021 | - | (48,376) ¹ | | | | |
| (2) Actuarial Value of Assets | 3,179,502,852 | 3,399,988,145 | | | | |
| (2a) Adjustment as of January 1, 2021 | - | (48,376) ¹ | | | | |
| End of Year: | | | | | | |
| (3) Market Value of Assets | 3,441,946,255 | 3,846,664,456 | | | | |
| (4) Contributions and Disbursements | | | | | | |
| (4a) City Contributions & Misc. | 739,913,428 | 788,861,573 | | | | |
| (4b) Member Contributions | 113,621,747 | 136,225,041 | | | | |
| (4c) Benefit Payouts & Refunds | (841,597,712) | (887,076,551) | | | | |
| (4d) Administrative Expenses | (4,310,938) | (3,384,892) | | | | |
| (4e) Net of Contributions and Disbursements | 7,626,525 | 34,625,171 | | | | |
| (5) Total Investment Income | | | | | | |
| =(3)-(1)-(1a)-(4e) | 271,890,867 | 370,141,406 | | | | |
| (6) Projected Rate of Return | 6.75% | 6.75% | | | | |
| (7) Projected Investment Income | | | | | | |
| =[(1)+(1a)]x(6)+([1+(6)]^.5-1)x(4e) | \$213,717,141 | \$233,477,625 | | | | |
| (8) Investment Income in | | | | | | |
| Excess of Projected Income | 58,173,726 | 136,663,781 | | | | |
| (9) Excess Investment Income Recognized | | | | | | |
| This Year (5-year recognition) | | | | | | |
| (9a) From This Year | \$11,634,745 | \$27,332,756 | | | | |
| (9b) From One Year Ago | 32,675,115 | 11,634,745 | \$27,332,756 | | | |
| (9c) From Two Years Ago | (72,303,315) | 32,675,115 | 11,634,745 | \$27,332,756 | | |
| (9d) From Three Years Ago | 42,000,415 | (72,303,315) | 32,675,115 | 11,634,745 | \$27,332,756 | |
| (9e) From Four Years Ago | (14,865,333) | 42,000,413 | (72,303,315) | 32,675,116 | 11,634,746 | \$27,332,757 |
| (9f) Total Recognized Investment Gain | (858,373) | 41,339,714 | (660,699) | 71,642,617 | 38,967,502 | 27,332,757 |
| (10) Change in Actuarial Value of Assets | | | | | | |
| =(4e)+(7)+(9f) | 220,485,293 | 309,442,510 | | | | |
| End of Year: | | | | | | |
| (3) Market Value of Assets | \$3,441,946,255 | \$3,846,664,456 | | | | |
| (11) Actuarial Value of Assets = (2)+(2a)+(10) | \$3,399,988,145 | \$3,709,382,279 | | | | |
| (12) Difference between Market & Actuarial Values | \$41,958,110 | \$137,282,177 | | | | |
| (13) Actuarial Value Rate of Return | 6.69% | 8.04% | | | | |
| (14) Estimated Market Value Rate of Return | 12.29% | 13.80% | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

¹Adjustment for difference between end of year market value of assets from the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, and beginning of year market value of assets from the actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021.





DATA REFLECTING PLAN MEMBERS

Exhibit A Summary of Changes in Active Participants For Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

| | Male | Female | Total |
|---|----------|---------|----------|
| Number of Active Participants at Beginning of Fiscal Year ² | 9,743 | 2,972 | 12,715 |
| Increases: Participants Added During Year Participants Returning From Inactive or Disability Status | 226 5 | 87 2 | 313 7 |
| Totals | 9,974 | 3,061 | 13,035 |
| Decreases: Terminations During Year | 726 | 183 | 909 |
| Number of Active Participants at End of Fiscal Year | 9,248 | 2,878 | 12,126 |
| Total Inactive Participants | | | 940 |
| <u>Terminations:</u> | | | |
| Withdrawal (With Refunds) ¹ | 86 | 17 | 103 |
| Withdrawal (Without Refunds) | 126 | 17 | 143 |
| Ordinary Disability Benefit | 6 | 3 | 9 |
| Occupational Disease Disability Benefit | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Duty Disability Benefit | 5 | 0 | 5 |
| Retirements | 480 | 142 | 622 |
| Deaths (Occupational) | 0 | 1 | 1 |
| Deaths (Non-occupational) | 23 | 2 | 25_ |
| Totals | 726 | 183 | 909 |

¹ This total differs from the total of 188 shown in Exhibit D due to the fact that only 103 of the refunds were paid to participants who were considered to be active as of December 31, 2020.



² Includes six active members reclassified from male to female and seven active members reclassified from female to male in the valuation data.

Exhibit B Summary of Changes in Annuitants and Beneficiaries For Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

| | Number at Beginning of Year | Additions During Year | Terminations During Year | Number at End of Year |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Service Retirement Annuities | 10,283 | 670 ¹ | 352 | 10,601 |
| Widow Annuities | 3,025 | 216 | 178 | 3,063 |
| Children's Annuities | 198 | 19 | 28 | 189 |
| Ordinary Disability Benefit (Non-Occupational) | 31 | 10 | 10 | 31 |
| Occupational Disease Disability Benefit | 22 | 1 | 3 | 20 |
| Duty Disability Benefit (Occupational) | 160 | 14 | 7 | 167 |
| Children's Disability Benefit | 114 | 22 | 14 | 122 |
| Widows' Compensation Annuities (Service Connected Death) | 67 | 0 | 0 | 67 |
| Totals | 13,900 | 952 | 592 | 14,260 |
| Annual Benefits | \$825,120,364 | \$ 73,832,539 | \$ 28,030,451 | \$870,922,452 |

¹Includes three retirees whose benefits were previously classified as suspended annuities.



Exhibit C – Part I Total Lives and Annual Salaries of Active Male Participants Classified by Age and Years of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | Years of Se | rvice | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | Annual |
| AGE | Under 1 year | 1 to 4 | 5 to 9 | 10 to 14 | 15 to 19 | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 34 | 35 and over | Total | Salary |
| Under 20 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 0 |
| 20 to 24 | 64 | 98 | | | | | | | | 162 | |
| | \$ 3,444,668 | \$ 8,361,995 | | | | | | | | \$ | 11,806,663 |
| 25 to 29 | 100 | 826 | 132 | | | | | | | 1,058 | |
| | \$ 5,341,600 | \$ 74,279,036 | \$ 12,797,569 | | | | | | | \$ | 92,418,205 |
| 30 to 34 | 37 | 632 | 514 | 1 | | | | | | 1,184 | |
| | \$ 1,973,580 | \$ 57,710,856 | \$ 49,996,281 | \$ 97,052 | | | | | | \$ | 109,777,769 |
| 35 to 39 | 27 | 248 | 579 | 264 | 132 | | | | | 1,250 | |
| | \$ 1,443,980 | \$ 22,613,739 | \$ 56,592,908 | \$ 27,620,643 | \$ 14,531,731 | | | | | \$ | 122,803,001 |
| 40 to 44 | | 104 | 268 | 196 | 815 | 210 | | | | 1,593 | |
| | | \$ 9,515,020 | \$ 26,209,181 | \$ 20,216,092 | \$ 89,550,761 | \$ 24,590,849 | | | | - | 170,081,903 |
| 45 to 49 | | 1 | 65 | 82 | 406 | 781 | 137 | | | 1,472 | |
| | | | \$ 6,363,065 | | | | | | | | 165,832,639 |
| 50 to 54 | | 1 | 3 | 29 | 247 | 653 | 763 | 112 | | 1,808 | |
| 30 10 3 . | | \$ 100,328 | | | | \$ 73,727,336 | | | | | 209,393,405 |
| 55 to 59 | | | | 1 | 62 | 182 | 251 | 96 | 11 | 603 | |
| 33 10 33 | | | | | | | | \$ 11,854,727 | | \$ | 69,419,914 |
| 60 to 63 | | 1 | | | | 38 | 47 | 22 | 10 | 118 | |
| 00 10 03 | | \$ 260,004 | | | | | | \$ 2,477,682 | | | 13,612,413 |
| Total Active | 228 | 1,911 | 1,561 | 573 | 1,662 | 1,864 | 1,198 | 230 | 21 | | |
| TOTAL METIVE | 220 | 1,511 | 1,501 | 5/3 | 1,002 | 1,004 | 1,130 | 230 | 21 | 3,240 | |
| Annual Salary | \$12,203,828 | \$172,933,547 | \$152,271,249 | \$59,421,446 | \$180,409,487 | \$213,181,968 | \$143,802,742 | \$28,273,374 | \$ 2,648,270 | \$ | 965,145,912 |

Annual salary shown based on annualized pay rate at December 31, 2021 and does not include Tier 2 pensionable pay cap.



Exhibit C – Part II Total Lives and Annual Salaries of Active Female Participants Classified by Age and Years of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Years of Se | rvic | e | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--------|--------|---------------|------|--------------|------------------|-------|-------------|------|------------|----|------------|----|-------------|----|------------|-------|-------------|------------------|
| AGE | Under | 1 year | 1 to 4 | | 5 to 9 | 10 to 14 | 1 | 5 to 19 | | 20 to 24 | | 25 to 29 | | 30 to 34 | 21 | 5 and over | Total | | Annual Salary |
| | Onder | 1 year | 1104 | | 3 (0 9 | 10 (0 14 | | 3 (0 13 | | 20 (0 24 | | 23 (0 23 | | 30 (0 34 | J. | o and over | | | Salai y |
| Under 20 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0 | \$ | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 20 to 24 | | | \$ 2,733,992 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 51 | \$ | 3,747,4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 3,747,4 |
| 25 to 29 | | | 264 | | 30 | | | | | | | | | | | | 326 | | 20 224 4 |
| | \$ 1,/ | 06,880 | \$ 23,707,993 | L \$ | 2,916,256 | | | | | | | | | | | | | > | 28,331,1 |
| 30 to 34 | | | 233 | | 137 | | | | | | | | | | | | 390 | | |
| | \$ 1,1 | 73,480 | \$ 20,810,126 | 5 \$ | 13,298,231 | | | | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 35,281,8 |
| 35 to 39 | | 14 | 170 |) | 160 | 61 | | 45 | | | | | | | | | 450 | | |
| | \$ 7 | 46,760 | \$ 15,516,203 | 3 \$ | 15,669,583 | \$ 6,388,557 | \$ 4 | 4,862,864 | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 43,183,9 |
| 40 to 44 | | | 6: | L | 100 | 65 | | 222 | | 47 | | | | | | | 495 | | |
| | | | \$ 5,556,369 | \$ | 9,735,168 | \$ 6,741,053 | \$ 24 | 4,112,178 | \$ | 5,361,250 | | | | | | | | \$ | 51,506,0 |
| 45 to 49 | | | | | 34 | 29 | | 141 | | 206 | | 36 | | | | | 446 | | |
| | | | | \$ | 3,295,823 | \$ 2,973,536 | \$ 15 | 5,080,311 | \$ | 23,663,570 | \$ | 4,415,391 | | | | | | | 49,428,6 |
| 50 to 54 | | | | | | 14 | | 104 | | 181 | | 163 | | 26 | | | 488 | | |
| 30 10 3 . | | | | | | \$ 1,412,481 | | | | | | | \$ | | | | | | 55,312,2 |
| 55 to 59 | | | | | | | | 38 | | 63 | | 70 | | 23 | | 2 | 196 | | |
| 33 10 33 | | | | | | | \$ 3 | | \$ | | \$ | 8,316,831 | \$ | | \$ | 257,248 | 130 | | 22,285,4 |
| 60 to 63 | | | | | | | | 1 | | 14 | | 14 | | 5 | | 2 | 36 | | |
| 00 10 03 | | | | | | | \$ | _ | | | \$ | 1,622,199 | \$ | | \$ | 278,086 | 36 | \$ | 4,115,4 |
| otal Active | | 87 | 758 | ₹ _ | 461 | 169 | • | 551 | | 511 | | 283 | _ | 54 | - | | 2,878 | | , |
| otal Active | | - 67 | 750 | | 401 | 109 | | 331 | | 311 | | 203 | | 54 | | - | 2,070 | | |
| nnual Salary | \$4,6 | 40,580 | \$68,324,683 | | \$44,915,061 | \$ 17,515,626 | \$59 | 9,199,874 | \$ | 58,091,570 | Ś | 33.422.416 | | \$6.546.980 | | \$ 535,334 | | \$ | 293,192, |

Annual salary shown based on annualized pay rate at December 31, 2021 and does not include Tier 2 pensionable pay cap.



Exhibit C - Part III

Total Lives and Annual Salaries of All Active Participants Classified by Age and Years of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | Years of Se | ervice | | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|------------------|
| AGE | Under 1 year | 1 to 4 | 5 to 9 | 10 to 14 | 15 to 19 | 20 to 24 | 25 to 29 | 30 to 34 | 35 and over | Total | Annual Salary |
| Under 20 | | | | | | | | | | 0 | |
| 0.140. 20 | | | | | | | | | | \$ | |
| 20 to 24 | 83 | 130 | | | | | | | | 213 | |
| | \$ 4,458,128 | \$ \$ 11,095,986 | | | | | | | | \$ | 15,554,11 |
| 25 to 29 | | 1,090 | | | | | | | | 1,384 | |
| | \$ 7,048,480 | \$ 97,987,027 | \$ 15,713,825 | | | | | | | \$ | 120,749,33 |
| 30 to 34 | 59 | | | 1 | | | | | | 1,574 | |
| | \$ 3,147,060 | \$ 78,520,982 | | 97,052 | | | | | | | 145,059,60 |
| 35 to 39 | \$ 2.190.740 | 418 \$ 38,129,941 | | \$ 34,009,200 | 177 \$ 19394596 | | | | | 1,700 \$ | 165,986,9 |
| | Ç 2,130,740 | | | | | | | | | | |
| 40 to 44 | | 165 \$ 15,071,389 | 368 \$ 35,944,349 | 261 \$ 26,957,145 | 1,037 \$ 113,662,939 | 257 \$ 29,952,100 | | | | 2,088 \$ | 221,587,92 |
| 45 to 49 | | 1 | 99 | 111 | 547 | 987 | 173 | | | 1,918 | |
| 45 10 45 | | = | | | | \$ 114,182,638 | | | | | 215,261,27 |
| 50 to 54 | | 1 | 3 | 43 | 351 | 834 | 926 | 138 | | 2,296 | |
| | | \$ 100,328 | 312,246 | \$ 4,386,203 | \$ 37,281,122 | \$ 94,332,870 | \$ 111,198,918 | \$ 17,093,946 | | | 264,705,63 |
| 55 to 59 | | | | 1 | 100 | 245 | 321 | 119 | 13 | 799 | |
| | | | | 100,328 | \$ 10,454,844 | \$ 27,123,956 | \$ 37,631,993 | \$ 14,660,363 | \$ 1,733,837 | \$ | 91,705,32 |
| 60 to 63 | | 1 | | | 1 | 52 | 61 | 27 | 12 | 154 | |
| | | \$ 260,004 | | | \$ 103,676 | \$ 5,681,974 | \$ 7,166,403 | \$ 3,066,046 | \$ 1,449,767 | \$ | 17,727,87 |
| Total Active | 315 | 2,669 | 2,022 | 742 | 2,213 | 2,375 | 1,481 | 284 | 25 | 12,126 | |
| Annual Salary | \$16,844,408 | \$241,258,228 | \$197,186,310 | \$76,937,073 | \$239,609,361 | \$271,273,538 | \$177,225,158 | \$34,820,354 | \$ 3,183,604 | \$ | 1,258,338,03 |

Annual salary shown based on annualized pay rate at December 31, 2021 and does not include Tier 2 pensionable pay cap. Shaded cells represent active participants that are nearing retirement or already eligible for retirement.



Exhibit D – Part I Showing Number of Refund Payments Made during Year To Male Employees for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

| | | Le | ength of Se | rvice at Dat | e of Refund | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| Age at Date of Refund | Under 1 Year | Between 1 and 2 | Between 2 and 3 | | Between 4 and 5 | 5 and over | Total |
| Under 20 | | | | | | | 0 |
| 20 to 24 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | | | 6 |
| 25 to 29 | 3 | 7 | 8 | 19 | 5 | 8 | 50 |
| 30 to 34 | | | 4 | 7 | 9 | 27 | 47 |
| 35 to 39 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 3 | | 17 | 24 |
| 40 to 44 | 2 | 2 | | | 1 | 12 | 17 |
| 45 to 49 | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 50 to 54 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 55 to 59 | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 60 to 63 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 64 or older | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| Totals | 8 | 13 | 14 | 30 | 15 | 71 | 151 |

Includes only number of actual refunds paid or accrued during fiscal year reported.

Includes members classified as active as of December 31, 2020, but had benefits suspended as of December 31, 2021.

Includes members previously classified as refunded as of December 31, 2021, who were previously reported as inactive as of December 31, 2020.



Exhibit D - Part II

Showing Number of Refund Payments Made during Year To Female Employees for Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

| | | Le | ength of Se | rvice at Dat | e of Refund | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------------|------------|-------|
| Age at Date of Refund | Under 1 Year | Between 1 and 2 | Between 2 and 3 | | Between 4 and 5 | 5 and over | Total |
| Under 20 | | | | | | | 0 |
| 20 to 24 | | | 1 | 1 | | | 2 |
| 25 to 29 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | | 2 | 9 |
| 30 to 34 | 1 | 1 | | 2 | 1 | 3 | 8 |
| 35 to 39 | 1 | 1 | | 1 | | 5 | 8 |
| 40 to 44 | 1 | | 1 | | | 2 | 4 |
| 45 to 49 | | | | | | 1 | 1 |
| 50 to 54 | | | | | | | 0 |
| 55 to 59 | | | 1 | | | | 1 |
| 60 to 63 | | | | | | 2 | 2 |
| 64 or older | 2 | | | | | | 2 |
| Totals | 6 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 1 | 15 | 37 |

Includes only number of actual refunds paid or accrued during fiscal year reported.

Includes members classified as active as of December 31, 2020, but had benefits suspended as of December 31, 2021.

Includes members previously classified as refunded as of December 31, 2021, who were previously reported as inactive as of December 31, 2020.



Exhibit E Showing Statistics on Service Retirement Annuities Classified by Age as of December 31, 2021

| | | MALE | | FEMALE | | TOTAL |
|----------|-------|---------------|-------|---------------|--------|-------------|
| | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments |
| Under 50 | 3 | \$ 80,783 | 4 | \$ 58,304 | 7 | \$ 139,0 |
| 50 | 36 | 2,168,466 | 8 | 427,644 | 44 | 2,596,1 |
| 51 | 87 | 6,090,598 | 19 | 1,128,202 | 106 | 7,218,8 |
| 52 | 91 | 5,975,072 | 24 | 1,392,351 | 115 | 7,367,4 |
| 53 | 66 | 4,069,768 | 23 | 1,484,422 | 89 | 5,554,1 |
| 54 | 81 | 5,243,620 | 22 | 1,491,592 | 103 | 6,735,2 |
| 55 | 138 | 10,106,085 | 43 | 2,851,233 | 181 | 12,957,3 |
| 56 | 219 | 16,405,240 | 74 | 5,203,437 | 293 | 21,608,6 |
| 57 | 266 | 20,315,156 | 92 | 6,721,165 | 358 | 27,036,3 |
| 58 | 242 | 18,869,922 | 79 | 5,369,100 | 321 | 24,239,0 |
| 59 | 211 | 15,945,694 | 88 | 6,245,183 | 299 | 22,190,8 |
| 60 | 209 | 15,943,492 | 96 | 6,996,674 | 305 | 22,940,1 |
| 61 | 240 | 18,774,531 | 91 | 6,818,956 | 331 | 25,593,4 |
| 62 | 212 | 16,715,073 | 94 | 6,633,787 | 306 | 23,348,8 |
| 63 | 209 | 16,228,854 | 123 | 9,067,931 | 332 | 25,296,7 |
| 64 | 234 | 18,060,893 | 129 | 9,277,455 | 363 | 27,338,3 |
| 65 | 196 | 14,831,007 | 109 | 7,292,289 | 305 | 22,123,2 |
| 66 | 208 | 16,326,973 | 83 | 5,509,877 | 291 | 21,836,8 |
| 67 | 227 | 18,409,069 | 90 | 6,099,389 | 317 | 24,508,4 |
| 68 | 241 | 18,889,700 | 86 | 6,012,374 | 327 | 24,902,0 |
| 69 | 253 | 19,635,462 | 96 | 6,687,543 | 349 | 26,323,0 |
| 70 | 355 | 28,766,482 | 90 | 6,253,253 | 445 | 35,019,7 |
| 71 | 386 | 31,561,859 | 102 | 6,677,575 | 488 | 38,239,4 |
| 72 | 401 | 31,539,050 | 73 | 4,907,314 | 474 | 36,446,3 |
| 73 | 444 | 34,675,705 | 92 | 5,804,594 | 536 | 40,480,2 |
| 74 | 474 | 36,682,728 | 68 | 4,372,012 | 542 | 41,054,7 |
| 75 | 447 | 33,602,397 | 39 | 2,074,149 | 486 | 35,676,5 |
| 76 | 284 | 20,738,833 | 31 | 1,796,891 | 315 | 22,535,7 |
| 77 | 273 | 20,013,082 | 34 | 2,042,097 | 307 | 22,055,1 |
| 78 | 283 | 20,206,305 | 30 | 1,507,993 | 313 | 21,714,2 |
| 79 | 253 | 17,440,395 | 18 | 988,676 | 271 | 18,429,0 |
| 80 | 213 | 13,962,740 | 12 | 755,045 | 225 | 14,717,7 |
| 81 | 164 | 11,075,614 | 14 | 788,943 | 178 | 11,864,5 |
| 82 | 135 | 8,937,258 | 2 | 50,082 | 137 | 8,987,3 |
| 83 | 151 | 9,639,995 | 2 | 128,570 | 153 | 9,768,5 |
| 84 | 103 | 6,258,145 | 4 | 238,539 | 107 | 6,496,6 |
| 85 to 89 | 312 | 18,608,894 | 4 | 233,798 | 316 | 18,842,6 |
| 90 to 94 | 134 | 7,633,999 | 0 | 233,738 | 134 | 7,633,9 |
| 95 to 99 | 28 | 1,313,846 | 0 | 0 | 28 | 1,313,8 |
| 100+ | 4 | 131,592 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 1,515,6 |
| tals | 8,513 | \$631,874,377 | 2,088 | \$141,388,439 | 10,601 | \$773,262,8 |



Exhibit F Showing Statistics on Widow's Annuities Classified by Age as of December 31, 2021

| | | Annual | | | Annual |
|----------|-----|-----------|-------|-------|--------------|
| Age | No. | Payments | Age | No. | Payments |
| Under 30 | 0 | \$ 0 | 65 | | \$ 1,126,506 |
| 30 | 0 | 0 | 66 | 46 | 1,308,727 |
| 31 | 1 | 25,216 | 67 | 79 | 2,256,489 |
| 32 | 0 | 0 | 68 | 68 | 2,136,109 |
| 33 | 0 | 0 | 69 | 75 | 2,239,503 |
| 34 | 0 | 0 | 70 | 93 | 2,611,816 |
| 35 | 1 | 24,490 | 71 | 92 | 2,495,849 |
| 36 | 1 | 25,216 | 72 | 112 | 3,059,029 |
| 37 | 3 | 79,671 | 73 | 121 | 3,494,635 |
| 38 | 5 | 123,808 | 74 | 131 | 3,657,438 |
| 39 | 2 | 58,111 | 75 | 142 | 3,823,221 |
| 40 | 1 | 25,216 | 76 | 109 | 2,728,797 |
| 41 | 5 | 128,860 | 77 | 96 | 2,451,345 |
| 42 | 1 | 19,399 | 78 | 115 | 2,895,403 |
| 43 | 1 | 25,216 | 79 | 129 | 3,153,289 |
| 44 | 3 | 76,941 | 80 | 105 | 2,828,224 |
| 45 | 4 | 132,635 | 81 | 102 | 2,427,877 |
| 46 | 5 | 156,897 | 82 | 100 | 2,429,297 |
| 47 | 4 | 124,959 | 83 | 114 | 2,445,209 |
| 48 | 6 | 190,209 | 84 | 104 | 2,313,920 |
| 49 | 8 | 210,630 | 85 | 101 | 2,316,045 |
| 50 | 11 | 302,335 | 86 | 73 | 1,674,639 |
| 51 | 12 | 334,203 | 87 | 79 | 1,842,170 |
| 52 | 13 | 309,392 | 88 | 73 | 1,658,276 |
| 53 | 11 | 304,107 | 89 | 83 | 1,751,282 |
| 54 | 15 | 367,966 | 90 | 66 | 1,352,211 |
| 55 | 10 | 298,992 | 91 | 65 | 1,315,805 |
| 56 | 14 | 400,359 | 92 | 43 | 912,898 |
| 57 | 17 | 467,147 | 93 | 40 | 803,589 |
| 58 | 19 | 598,954 | 94 | 37 | 704,994 |
| 59 | 15 | 463,468 | 95 | 28 | 550,732 |
| 60 | 19 | 447,153 | 96 | 15 | 281,274 |
| 61 | 28 | 780,854 | 97 | 13 | 279,465 |
| 62 | 31 | 903,050 | 98 | 10 | 172,145 |
| 63 | 35 | 987,038 | 99 | 7 | 129,028 |
| 64 | 44 | 1,305,418 | 100+ | 9 | 158,638 |
| | | | Total | 3,063 | \$77,483,784 |



Exhibit G Showing Statistics on Miscellaneous Annuities For Fiscal Year Ending December 31, 2021

| | No. | Annual Payments |
|--|-----|--------------------|
| Children's Annuities | 189 | \$1,476,819 |
| Widows' Compensation Annuities | 67 | 4,566,018 |
| Ordinary Disability Benefits | 31 | 1,530,664 |
| Occupational Disease Disability Benefits | 20 | 1,238,841 |
| Duty Disability Benefits | 167 | 11,217,110 |
| Children's Disability Benefits | 122 | 146,400 |
| Totals | 596 | \$20,175,852 |



Exhibit H – Part I Showing Male Participants Receiving Duty Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Len | gth of Serv | ice as | of December 3 | 31, 20 | 21 | | | | | |
|----------|-----|--------|-------|-----|------|---------|-----|-----|-------------|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|----|-----------|
| | Un | ider 1 | Year | | 1 to | 4 | | 5 t | :o 9 | | 10 to 14 | | 15 to 19 | 7 | 20 & Over | | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | Aı | nnual | | 4 | Annual | | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Pay | ments | No. | Pa | ayments | No. | P | ayments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | F | Payments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | 1 | \$ | 57,200 | | \$ | - | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | 1 | \$ | 57,200 |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 43,827 | | - | | - | | - | 1 | | 43,827 |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | 1 | | 57,200 | 1 | | 63,149 | 1 | 67,955 | | - | | - | 3 | | 188,304 |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | 1 | | 57,200 | 5 | | 310,285 | 7 | 445,786 | 1 | 70,218 | | - | 14 | | 883,489 |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | 2 | | 126,090 | 2 | | 133,919 | 4 | 256,565 | 7 | 460,502 | 3 | 213,912 | 18 | | 1,190,988 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | 2 | | 126,090 | 5 | | 314,810 | 8 | 534,494 | 13 | 918,489 | 8 | 652,630 | 36 | | 2,546,513 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | 5 | | 332,109 | 2 | | 128,370 | 3 | 190,697 | 12 | 827,369 | 3 | 244,688 | 25 | | 1,723,233 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | 2 | | 127,886 | | | - | 4 | 262,613 | 1 | 63,943 | 4 | 294,433 | 11 | | 748,875 |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | 0 | 14 | \$ | 883,775 | 16 | \$ | 994,360 | 27 | \$ 1,758,110 | 34 | \$ 2,340,521 | 18 | \$ 1,405,663 | 109 | \$ | 7,382,429 |



Exhibit H – Part II Showing Female Participants Receiving Duty Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | Length of Serv | ice as | of December 3 | 31, 20 | 21 | | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------------|-----|----------------|--------|---------------|--------|--------------|-----|------------|-----|--------------|
| | Un | der 1 | Year | | 1 to 4 | | 5 to 9 | | 10 to 14 | | 15 to 19 | : | 20 & Over | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | Ar | nnual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Pay | ments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | 0 | \$ 0 |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | 0 | 0 |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | 1 | 54,383 | | - | | - | | - | | - | 1 | 54,383 |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | 1 | 59,926 | | - | 1 | 63,338 | | - | | - | 2 | 123,264 |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | 3 | 184,490 | | - | 3 | 193,280 | 6 | 414,795 | | - | 12 | 792,565 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | 1 | 64,427 | 3 | 192,797 | 4 | 254,397 | 7 | 449,378 | 2 | 142,470 | 17 | 1,103,469 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | 2 | 126,090 | 1 | 80,533 | 5 | 354,399 | 5 | 307,091 | 5 | 367,645 | 18 | 1,235,758 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | | - | 2 | 126,090 | 2 | 126,090 | 3 | 206,612 | 1 | 66,450 | 8 | 525,242 |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | 0 | 8 | \$ 489,316 | 6 | \$ 399,420 | 15 | \$ 991,504 | 21 | \$ 1,377,876 | 8 | \$ 576,565 | 58 | \$ 3,834,681 |



Exhibit I – Part I Showing Male Participants Receiving Ordinary Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Length of Serv | vice as | of December | 31, 20 | 21 | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|---------|-----|----------------|---------|-------------|--------|-----------|-----|------------|-----|----|---------|
| | Un | der 1 | Year | | 1 to | 4 | | 5 to 9 | | 10 to 14 | | 15 to 19 | : | 20 & Over | | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | An | nual | | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | Annual | | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Payr | nents | No. | Pa | ayments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | Payments | No. | P | ayments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | 1 | \$ | 38,133 | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | | \$ - | 1 | \$ | 38,133 |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | | - | 1 | 65,741 | | - | | - | | - | 1 | | 65,741 |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | | | - | 1 | 43,827 | | - | | - | | - | 1 | | 43,827 |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | | | - | | - | 1 | 45,303 | 1 | 46,807 | | - | 2 | | 92,110 |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | | | - | | - | | - | | - | 1 | 46,812 | 1 | | 46,812 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | | | - | | - | | - | | - | 5 | 297,541 | 5 | | 297,541 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | | | - | | - | | - | 1 | 46,812 | 3 | 143,766 | 4 | | 190,578 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | | | - | | - | | - | | - | 1 | 48,477 | 1 | | 48,477 |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | | 1 | \$ | 38,133 | 2 | \$ 109,568 | 1 | \$ 45,303 | 2 | \$ 93,619 | 10 | \$ 536,596 | 16 | \$ | 823,219 |



Exhibit I – Part II Showing Female Participants Receiving Ordinary Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Lengt | th of Serv | ice as | of D | ecember 3 | 1, 20 | 21 | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|--------|-----|-------|------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|---------------|--------|-----|------|---------|-----|----|---------|
| | Un | der 1 | Year | | 1 to | 4 | | 5 to | 9 | | 10 t | o 14 | | 15 to 1 | L9 | ; | 20 & | Over | | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | An | nual | | I | Annual | | Α | nnual | | | Annual | | An | nual | | | Annual | | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Payı | ments | No. | Pa | yments | No. | Pay | yments | No. | Pa | ayments | No. | Payr | nents | No. | Pa | ayments | No. | P | ayments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | 0 | \$ | - |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | | - | | | | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | | | - | | | | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 43,827 | 1 | | 45,303 | | | - | | | - | 2 | | 89,13 |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 45,303 | 1 | 4 | 46,812 | | | - | 2 | | 92,11 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 45,269 | 2 | 9 | 93,624 | 4 | | 195,193 | 7 | | 334,08 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 2 | 9 | 6,825 | 2 | | 95,289 | 4 | | 192,114 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | | 0 | \$ | | 1 | \$ | 43,827 | 3 | \$ | 135,875 | 5 | \$ 2 : | 37,261 | 6 | \$ | 290,482 | 15 | \$ | 707,445 |



Exhibit J – Part I Showing Male Participants Receiving Occupational Disease Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Lengt | th of Serv | ice as | of D | ecember 3 | 1, 20 | 21 | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|--------|-----|-------|------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|------|---------|-----|------|---------|-----|----|---------|
| | Un | der 1 | Year | | 1 to | 4 | | 5 to | 9 | | 10 t | to 14 | | 15 t | to 19 | : | 20 8 | Over | | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | An | nual | | P | Annual | | А | nnual | | | Annual | | | Annual | | | Annual | | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Payr | ments | No. | Pa | yments | No. | Pa | yments | No. | P | ayments | No. | Р | ayments | No. | P | ayments | No. | Р | ayments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | 0 | \$ | - |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | | | - | | | - | 2 | | 119,913 | | | - | 1 | | 63,020 | 3 | | 182,933 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 2 | | 119,196 | 2 | | 119,196 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 58,461 | 5 | | 316,265 | 6 | | 374,726 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 53,286 | 3 | | 191,084 | 4 | | 244,370 |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | | 0 | \$ | | 0 | \$ | | 2 | \$ | 119,913 | 2 | \$ | 111,747 | 11 | \$ | 689,565 | 15 | \$ | 921,225 |



Exhibit J – Part II Showing Female Participants Receiving Occupational Disease Disability Classified by Age and Length of Service as of December 31, 2021

| | | | | | | | | Leng | th of Serv | ice as | of D | ecember 3 | 1, 20 | 21 | | | | | | | |
|----------|-----|-------|-------|-----|------|--------|-----|------|------------|--------|------|-----------|-------|------|---------|-----|------|---------|-----|----|---------|
| | Un | der 1 | Year | | 1 to | 4 | | 5 to | 9 | | 10 t | o 14 | | 15 t | to 19 | ; | 20 & | Over | | | Total |
| ATTAINED | | An | nual | | I | Annual | | A | Annual | | | Annual | | | Annual | | | Annual | | | Annual |
| AGE | No. | Pay | ments | No. | Pa | yments | No. | Pa | yments | No. | Pa | ayments | No. | P | ayments | No. | Р | ayments | No. | P | ayments |
| Under 30 | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | | \$ | - | 0 | \$ | - |
| 30 to 34 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 35 to 39 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 40 to 44 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| 45 to 49 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 60,267 | | | - | 1 | | 60,267 |
| 50 to 54 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 56,609 | 1 | | 56,609 |
| 55 to 59 | | | - | | | - | | | - | 1 | | 53,286 | 1 | | 55,186 | 1 | | 92,268 | 3 | | 200,740 |
| 60 to 63 | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | | | - | 0 | | - |
| Totals | 0 | \$ | | o | \$ | | 0 | \$ | | 1 | \$ | 53,286 | 2 | \$ | 115,453 | 2 | \$ | 148,877 | 5 | \$ | 317,616 |



Exhibit K History of Average Annual Salaries

| Year | Members | | Current Year | | Average | | Actuarial | СРІ |
|-------------------|----------------|----------|----------------------------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------------|---------|
| End | in Service | Increase | Salary | Increase | Salary | Increase | Assumptions | Chicago |
| 1992 | 12,570 | 0.5 % | \$ 538,404,098 | 3.5 % | \$ 42,832 | 3.1 % | 5.80 % | 3.3 % |
| 1993 | 12,591 | 0.2 | 561,156,282 | 4.2 | 44,568 | 4.1 | 5.80 | 2.3 |
| 1994 | 13,095 | 4.0 | 599,073,276 | 6.8 | 45,748 | 2.6 | 5.80 | 2.9 |
| 1995 | 13,437 | 2.6 | 622,413,737 | 3.9 | 46,321 | 1.3 | 5.80 | 2.2 |
| 1996 | 13,475 | 0.3 | 654,149,310 | 5.1 | 48,545 | 4.8 | 5.80 | 3.8 |
| 1997 | 13,435 | (0.3) | 675,515,532 | 3.7 | 50,280 | 3.6 | 5.80 | 1.7 |
| 1998 ¹ | 13,586 | 1.1 | 736,401,756 | 9.0 | 54,203 | 7.8 | 5.50 | 1.5 |
| 1999 | 13,829 | 1.8 | 755,303,667 | 2.6 | 54,617 | 0.8 | 5.50 | 2.6 |
| 2000 | 13,858 | 0.2 | 759,343,026 | 0.5 | 54,795 | 0.3 | 5.50 | 4.0 |
| 2001 | 13,889 | 0.2 | 763,352,475 | 0.5 | 54,961 | 0.3 | 5.50 | 0.8 |
| 2002 | 13,720 | (1.2) | 866,531,789 | 13.5 | 63,158 | 14.9 | 5.50 | 2.5 |
| 2003 | 13,746 | 0.2 | 887,555,791 | 2.4 | 64,568 | 2.2 | 5.50 | 1.7 |
| 2004 | 13,569 | (1.3) | 874,301,958 | (1.5) | 64,434 | (0.2) | 5.50 | 2.2 |
| 2005 | 13,462 | (8.0) | 948,973,732 | 8.5 | 70,493 | 9.4 | 5.50 | 3.6 |
| 2006 | 13,749 | 2.1 | 1,012,983,635 | 6.7 | 73,677 | 4.5 | 5.50 | 0.7 |
| 2007 | 13,748 | 0.0 | 1,038,957,026 | 2.6 | 75,572 | 2.6 | 5.50 | 4.7 |
| 2008 | 13,373 | (2.7) | 1,023,580,667 | (1.5) | 76,541 | 1.3 | 5.50 | (0.6) |
| 2009 | 13,154 | (1.6) | 1,011,205,359 | (1.2) | 76,874 | 0.4 | 5.50 | 2.5 |
| 2010 | 12,737 | (3.2) | 1,048,084,301 | 3.6 | 82,287 | 7.0 | 5.50 | 1.2 |
| 2011 | 12,236 | (3.9) | 1,034,403,526 | (1.3) | 84,538 | 2.7 | 5.50 | 2.1 |
| 2012 | 12,026 | (1.7) | 1,015,170,686 | (1.9) | 84,415 | (0.1) | 5.50 | 1.7 |
| 2013 | 12,161 | 1.1 | 1,015,426,126 | 0.0 | 83,499 | (1.1) | 5.50 | 0.5 |
| 2014 | 12,020 | (1.2) | 1,074,333,318 | 5.8 | 89,379 | 7.0 | 4.80 | 1.5 |
| 2015 | 12,061 | 0.3 | 1,086,607,979 | 1.1 | 90,093 | 8.0 | 4.80 | 0.0 |
| 2016 | 12,177 | 1.0 | 1,119,526,987 | 3.0 | 91,938 | 2.0 | 4.80 | 1.9 |
| 2017 | 12,633 | 3.7 | 1,150,406,094 | 2.8 | 91,064 | (1.0) | 4.80 | 1.7 |
| 2018 | 13,438 | 6.4 | 1,205,324,445 | 4.8 | 89,695 | (1.5) | 4.80 | 1.1 |
| 2019 | 13,353 | (0.6) | 1,228,986,864 | 2.0 | 92,038 | 2.6 | 5.60 | 2.2 |
| 2020 | 12,715 | (4.8) | 1,195,980,486 | (2.7) | 94,061 | 2.2 | 5.60 | 0.9 |
| 2021 | 12,126 | (4.6) | 1,258,338,033 ² | 5.2 | 103,772 | 10.3 | 5.60 ³ | 6.6 |
| Average In | crease (Decrea | | ast | | | | | |
| 5 years: | | 0.0 % | | 2.4 % | | 2.5 % | | 2.5 % |
| 10 years: | | (0.0)% | | 2.0 % | | 2.1 % | | 1.8 % |
| 30 years: | | (0.1)% | | 3.1 % | | 3.2 % | | 2.1 % |

¹ Pay definition changed to include duty availability pay.



² Of the \$1,258,338,033 current year salary, \$44,398,265 is duty availability pay.

 $^{^3}$ See Appendix 4 for a complete description of the current assumptions.

Exhibit L New Annuities Granted during 2021

| | P | Annuitants ⁴ | Widows/ Widowers of Deceased Employees ¹ | Widows/ Widowers of Deceased Annuitants | Compensation Widows/ Widowers |
|---|----|-------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Number retired/deceased | | 667 | 9 | 207 | 0 |
| Average age attained | | 56.1 | 52.3 | 74.1 | 0.0 |
| Average length of service | | 27.0 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Average annual salary ² | \$ | 105,440 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Average annual final salary | \$ | 107,550 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Total annual annuity | | 47,766,755 | 272,176 | 7,092,878 | 0 |
| Average annual annuity | | 71,614 | 30,241 | 34,265 | 0 |
| Total liability | \$ | 761,972,065 | 4,396,777 | 60,649,784 | 0 |
| [(Based on 3% Comb. and 4% Amer. Exp.)] | | | | | |
| Average liability | \$ | 1,142,387 | 488,531 | 292,994 | 0 |
| Total investment | \$ | 103,573 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| [Employee-paid for tax purposes] | | | | | |
| Average investment ³ | \$ | 155 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liability/cost | | 7,356.9 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Liability/final pay | \$ | 10.62 | N/A | N/A | N/A |

¹ Not including compensation or supplemental.



² Average annual salary is 4 out of 10 years for members hired before January 1, 2011, and 8 out of 10 years for members hired on or after January 1, 2011.

³ Based on previously-taxed contributions.

⁴ Excludes three retirees whose benefits were previously classified as suspended.

Exhibit MRetirees and Beneficiaries by Type of Benefit

| | AN | NUITANTS | | | DISA | ABILITY | | Widow | |
|-------|----------|---------------------|-------|----------|------|---------|--------------------|-------|--------|
| Years | Employee | Spouse ¹ | Child | Ordinary | Duty | Occup. | Child ² | Comp. | Total |
| 1992 | 5,109 | 3,129 | 310 | 83 | 204 | | | 66 | 8,901 |
| 1993 | 5,195 | 3,151 | 294 | 59 | 211 | | 160 | 66 | 9,136 |
| 1994 | 5,309 | 3,123 | 281 | 51 | 221 | | 159 | 64 | 9,208 |
| 1995 | 5,510 | 3,133 | 254 | 51 | 231 | 1 | 144 | 60 | 9,384 |
| 1996 | 5,714 | 3,120 | 252 | 67 | 256 | 12 | 158 | 59 | 9,638 |
| 1997 | 5,945 | 3,104 | 240 | 59 | 270 | 36 | 130 | 59 | 9,843 |
| 1998 | 6,241 | 3,093 | 228 | 56 | 279 | 57 | 150 | 57 | 10,161 |
| 1999 | 6,520 | 3,118 | 249 | 57 | 291 | 76 | 150 | 58 | 10,519 |
| 2000 | 6,876 | 3,107 | 267 | 48 | 274 | 87 | 149 | 59 | 10,867 |
| 2001 | 7,192 | 3,114 | 255 | 52 | 265 | 95 | 143 | 59 | 11,175 |
| 2002 | 7,392 | 3,092 | 235 | 38 | 289 | 103 | 150 | 59 | 11,358 |
| 2003 | 7,498 | 3,083 | 247 | 29 | 285 | 97 | 139 | 63 | 11,441 |
| 2004 | 7,815 | 3,133 | 249 | 44 | 287 | 85 | 130 | 65 | 11,808 |
| 2005 | 8,026 | 3,107 | 247 | 35 | 298 | 82 | 139 | 65 | 11,999 |
| 2006 | 8,083 | 3,093 | 255 | 39 | 291 | 69 | 132 | 64 | 12,026 |
| 2007 | 8,155 | 3,137 | 242 | 52 | 284 | 65 | 136 | 64 | 12,135 |
| 2008 | 8,210 | 3,148 | 237 | 39 | 286 | 58 | 139 | 66 | 12,183 |
| 2009 | 8,227 | 3,111 | 232 | 44 | 284 | 52 | 138 | 66 | 12,154 |
| 2010 | 8,495 | 3,079 | 222 | 37 | 284 | 40 | 155 | 69 | 12,381 |
| 2011 | 8,763 | 3,091 | 214 | 43 | 270 | 36 | 176 | 70 | 12,663 |
| 2012 | 9,035 | 3,122 | 214 | 47 | 263 | 36 | 180 | 69 | 12,966 |
| 2013 | 9,194 | 3,130 | 206 | 46 | 269 | 35 | 213 | 66 | 13,159 |
| 2014 | 9,311 | 3,109 | 197 | 48 | 259 | 36 | 204 | 66 | 13,230 |
| 2015 | 9,385 | 3,078 | 198 | 41 | 230 | 35 | 178 | 65 | 13,210 |
| 2016 | 9,603 | 3,102 | 186 | 40 | 202 | 33 | 164 | 64 | 13,394 |
| 2017 | 9,899 | 3,059 | 185 | 40 | 197 | 31 | 154 | 63 | 13,628 |
| 2018 | 9,930 | 3,054 | 190 | 36 | 182 | 29 | 147 | 63 | 13,631 |
| 2019 | 10,078 | 3,070 | 201 | 40 | 167 | 25 | 125 | 65 | 13,771 |
| 2020 | 10,283 | 3,025 | 198 | 31 | 160 | 22 | 114 | 67 | 13,900 |
| 2021 | 10,601 | 3,063 | 189 | 31 | 167 | 20 | 122 | 67 | 14,260 |

¹ Includes reversionary.



² Children's Disability Benefit not tracked before 1993.

Exhibit N Average Employee Retirement Benefits Payable

| Years Ended | Average Annual Benefit | Average Current Age of Retirees | Average Age at Retirement Current Year ¹ | Average Years of Benefit Service at Retirement Current Year ¹ |
|----------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1992 | \$ 23,128 | 68 | 57.7 | 30.3 |
| 1993 | 24,724 | 68 | 56.9 | 29.6 |
| 1994 | 25,636 | 68 | 55.7 | 29.5 |
| 1995 | 26,996 | 67 | 55.3 | 29.2 |
| 1996 | 28,412 | 67 | 55.5 | 29.8 |
| 1997 | 29,867 | 67 | 55.0 | 29.3 |
| 1998 | 31,682 | 66 | 54.6 | 30.0 |
| 1999 | 33,220 | 66 | 54.8 | 29.9 |
| 2000 | 34,880 | 66 | 56.3 | 31.6 |
| 2001 | 36,428 | 66 | 56.4 | 29.8 |
| 2002 | 38,199 | 66 | 55.6 | 29.4 |
| 2003 | 38,998 | 66 | 57.1 | 30.2 |
| 2004 | 41,914 | 66 | 57.5 | 30.4 |
| 2005 | 43,930 | 67 | 57.3 | 30.6 |
| 2006 | 45,680 | 67 | 58.0 | 29.6 |
| 2007 | 47,392 | 67 | 58.1 | 29.3 |
| 2008 | 49,239 | 68 | 58.3 | 29.4 |
| 2009 | 50,799 | 68 | 59.2 | 28.6 |
| 2010 | 53,060 | 68 | 59.1 | 28.1 |
| 2011 | 55,104 | 68 | 59.5 | 27.4 |
| 2012 | 56,896 | 69 | 58.7 | 26.7 |
| 2013 | 58,556 | 69 | 58.2 | 26.1 |
| 2014 | 60,111 | 69 | 57.6 | 26.2 |
| 2015 | 61,702 | 69 | 57.5 | 26.5 |
| 2016 | 63,381 | 69 | 57.5 | 26.9 |
| 2017 | 65,615 | 69 | 57.5 | 26.6 |
| 2018 | 67,434 | 70 | 57.7 | 26.6 |
| 2019 | 68,746 | 70 | 57.1 | 26.9 |
| 2020 | 71,202 | 70 | 56.9 | 27.3 |
| 2021 | 72,942 | 70 | 56.1 | 27.0 |

¹ Averages for New Annuitants in 2021.



Exhibit O – Part 1 History of Annuities Employee Annuitants (Male and Female)

| Year End | Number of Annuitants | Total Annuities | Average Annuities |
|-------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1992 | 5,109 | \$ 118,162,135 | \$ 23,128 |
| 1993 | 5,195 | 128,443,550 | 24,724 |
| 1994 | 5,309 | 136,102,089 | 25,636 |
| 1995 | 5,510 | 148,748,836 | 26,996 |
| 1996 | 5,714 | 162,343,898 | 28,412 |
| 1997 | 5,945 | 177,557,655 | 29,867 |
| 1998 | 6,241 | 197,728,489 | 31,682 |
| 1999 | 6,520 | 216,593,933 | 33,220 |
| 2000 | 6,876 | 239,833,436 | 34,880 |
| 2001 | 7,192 | 261,991,891 | 36,428 |
| 2002 | 7,392 | 282,368,164 | 38,199 |
| 2003 | 7,498 | 292,407,321 | 38,998 |
| 2004 | 7,815 | 327,560,253 | 41,914 |
| 2005 | 8,026 | 352,579,199 | 43,930 |
| 2006 | 8,083 | 369,228,619 | 45,680 |
| 2007 | 8,155 | 386,485,701 | 47,392 |
| 2008 | 8,210 | 404,254,060 | 49,239 |
| 2009 | 8,227 | 417,924,766 | 50,799 |
| 2010 | 8,495 | 450,742,884 | 53,060 |
| 2011 | 8,763 | 482,875,300 | 55,104 |
| 2012 | 9,035 | 514,053,838 | 56,896 |
| 2013 | 9,194 | 538,368,228 | 58,556 |
| 2014 | 9,311 | 559,689,145 | 60,111 |
| 2015 | 9,385 | 579,069,731 | 61,702 |
| 2016 | 9,603 | 608,646,498 | 63,381 |
| 2017 | 9,899 | 649,527,055 | 65,615 |
| 2018 | 9,930 | 669,615,380 | 67,434 |
| 2019 | 10,078 | 692,826,321 | 68,746 |
| 2020 | 10,283 | 732,172,481 | 71,202 |
| 2021 | 10,601 | 773,262,816 | 72,942 |



Exhibit O – Part II History of Annuities Spouse Annuitants (Not Including Compensation Widows)

| Year End | Number of Annuitants | Total Annuities | Average Annuities |
|-------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1992 | 3,129 | \$ 20,773,699 | \$ 6,639 |
| 1993 | 3,151 | 24,711,076 | 7,842 |
| 1994 | 3,123 | 28,041,269 | 8,979 |
| 1995 | 3,133 | 28,792,959 | 9,190 |
| 1996 | 3,120 | 30,778,518 | 9,865 |
| 1997 | 3,104 | 31,492,268 | 10,146 |
| 1998 | 3,093 | 32,285,743 | 10,438 |
| 1999 | 3,118 | 36,134,606 | 11,589 |
| 2000 | 3,107 | 37,022,962 | 11,916 |
| 2001 | 3,114 | 38,316,493 | 12,305 |
| 2002 | 3,092 | 40,086,748 | 12,965 |
| 2003 | 3,083 | 39,924,324 | 12,950 |
| 2004 | 3,133 | 44,609,535 | 14,239 |
| 2005 | 3,107 | 47,658,776 | 15,339 |
| 2006 | 3,093 | 49,187,928 | 15,903 |
| 2007 | 3,137 | 51,646,225 | 16,464 |
| 2008 | 3,148 | 53,489,665 | 16,992 |
| 2009 | 3,111 | 53,381,986 | 17,159 |
| 2010 | 3,079 | 53,621,501 | 17,415 |
| 2011 | 3,091 | 55,323,666 | 17,898 |
| 2012 | 3,122 | 57,650,477 | 18,466 |
| 2013 | 3,130 | 59,360,519 | 18,965 |
| 2014 | 3,109 | 60,248,462 | 19,379 |
| 2015 | 3,078 | 61,439,136 | 19,961 |
| 2016 | 3,102 | 63,731,123 | 20,545 |
| 2017 | 3,059 | 67,469,456 | 22,056 |
| 2018 | 3,054 | 69,740,449 | 22,836 |
| 2019 | 3,070 | 72,798,906 | 23,713 |
| 2020 | 3,025 | 73,811,776 | 24,401 |
| 2021 | 3,063 | 77,483,784 | 25,297 |



Exhibit P Counts of Retirees and Beneficiaries with Healthcare Coverage Subsidies

| Year End | Employee | Spouse ¹ | Total |
|-------------------|----------|---------------------|--------|
| 2009 | 7,763 | 2,285 | 10,048 |
| 2010 | 7,878 | 2,240 | 10,118 |
| 2011 | 8,111 | 2,257 | 10,368 |
| 2012 | 8,458 | 2,280 | 10,738 |
| 2013 | 8,539 | 2,270 | 10,809 |
| 2014 | 8,450 | 2,226 | 10,676 |
| 2015 | 8,278 | 2,127 | 10,405 |
| 2016 | 8,189 | 2,079 | 10,268 |
| 2017 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2018 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2019 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2020 ² | 4,328 | 0 | 4,328 |
| 2021 ² | 4,499 | 0 | 4,499 |

¹ Includes children



Pursuant to the court order Underwood, et al., v. City of Chicago, et al., PABF provides retiree health insurance premium subsidies to certain eligible annuitants.

Exhibit Q Schedule of Retired Members by Types of Benefit and Monthly Benefit Levels

| Monthly | Retir | ement | Disa | bility | Wic | dow ¹ | C | hild | То | tals |
|---------------------------|-------|--------|------|--------|------|------------------|------|--------|-------|--------|
| Benefit | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female | Male | Female |
| Under \$100 | 2 | | | | | | | | 2 | 0 |
| \$100 to Under \$250 | 6 | 3 | | | | | 75 | 61 | 81 | 64 |
| \$250 to Under \$500 | 18 | 9 | | | | | 16 | 10 | 34 | 19 |
| \$500 to Under \$750 | 23 | 5 | | | 1 | | 57 | 53 | 81 | 58 |
| \$750 to Under \$1,000 | 7 | 5 | | | | | 12 | 6 | 19 | 11 |
| \$1,000 to Under \$2,000 | 40 | 42 | | | 34 | 1,535 | 12 | 9 | 86 | 1,586 |
| \$2,000 to Under \$3,000 | 92 | 15 | | | 33 | 1,064 | | | 125 | 1,079 |
| \$3,000 to Under \$4,000 | 380 | 108 | 11 | 11 | 9 | 330 | | | 400 | 449 |
| \$4,000 to Under \$5,000 | 1,298 | 553 | 17 | 14 | | 63 | | | 1,315 | 630 |
| \$5,000 to Under \$6,000 | 1,892 | 510 | 92 | 42 | 3 | 36 | | | 1,987 | 588 |
| \$6,000 to Under \$7,000 | 2,603 | 503 | 13 | 10 | 1 | 14 | | | 2,617 | 527 |
| \$7,000 to Under \$8,000 | 1,267 | 210 | 4 | 1 | | 3 | | | 1,271 | 214 |
| \$8,000 to Under \$9,000 | 509 | 75 | 2 | | | 1 | | | 511 | 76 |
| \$9,000 to Under \$10,000 | 170 | 22 | 1 | | | 1 | | | 171 | 23 |
| \$10,000 and over | 206 | 28 | | | | 2 | | | 206 | 30 |
| Totals: | 8,513 | 2,088 | 140 | 78 | 81 | 3,049 | 172 | 139 | 8,906 | 5,354 |

¹ Includes reversionary.



Exhibit R Schedule of Average Benefit Payments for New Annuities Granted during Year

| | Years of Service: | 0-9 | 10-14 | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25-29 | 30-34 | >= 35 | Total |
|------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 2010 | Number of Retired Members Average annual salary used | 0 \$0 | 1 \$81,122 | 13 \$70,339 | 105 \$80,639 | 161 \$88,735 | 140 \$91,739 | 131 \$92,194 | 551 \$88,330 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 | \$2,535 | \$2,667 | \$3,837 | \$5,385 | \$5,734 | \$5,762 | \$5,199 |
| 2011 | Number of Retired Members Average annual salary used | 1 \$18,730 | 8 \$76,848 | 16 \$70,140 | 95 \$82,778 | 175 \$92,829 | 103 \$93,780 | 102 \$98,280 | 500 \$91,097 |
| 2011 | Average Monthly Benefit | \$390 | \$2,158 | \$2,728 | \$3,949 | \$5,497 | \$5,861 | \$6,142 | \$5,257 |
| | Number of Retired Members | 0 | 9 | 22 | 123 | 217 | 88 | 80 | 539 |
| 2012 | Average annual salary used Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 \$0 | \$72,245 \$2,066 | \$65,305 \$2,511 | \$85,175 \$4,002 | \$92,825 \$5,408 | \$94,854 \$5,928 | \$98,415 \$6,151 | \$90,773 \$5,108 |
| | Number of Retired Members | 0 | 6 | 20 | 118 | 161 | 62 | 34 | 401 |
| 2013 | Average annual salary used Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 \$0 | \$62,730 \$1,809 | \$75,088 \$2,857 | \$86,979 \$4,164 | \$94,193 \$5,427 | \$99,759 \$6,235 | \$102,980 \$6,436 | \$92,252 \$5,084 |
| | Number of Retired Members | 0 | 4 | 18 | 122 | 180 | 44 | 24 | 392 |
| 2014 | Average annual salary used | \$0 \$0 | \$64,795 \$1,907 | \$72,985 \$2,815 | \$87,586 \$4,230 | \$95,372 \$5,746 | \$94,991 \$6,052 | \$104,035 \$6,634 | \$92,097 \$5,189 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit Number of Retired Members | Ş0 0 | \$1,907 7 | \$2,815 | 34,230 | 184 | \$6,052 | \$6,634 | 363 |
| 2015 | Average annual salary used | \$0 | \$34,263 | \$85,670 | \$90,037 | \$100,124 | \$104,876 | \$102,529 | \$96,001 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 | \$951 | \$3,334 | \$4,271 | \$6,005 | \$6,555 | \$6,408 | \$5,379 |
| 2016 | Number of Retired Members ¹ Average annual salary used | 1 \$50,400 | 5 \$23,820 | 14 \$78,131 | 124 \$91,293 | 257 \$101,855 | 80 \$108,887 | 12 \$109,058 | 493 \$98,945 |
| 2010 | Average Monthly Benefit | \$1,050 | \$622 | \$2,966 | \$4,292 | \$6,123 | \$6,805 | \$6,816 | \$5,634 |
| | Number of Retired Members | 1 | 2 | 21 | 166 | 258 | 118 | 15 | 581 |
| 2017 | Average annual salary used Average Monthly Benefit | \$94,501 \$5,709 | \$19,905 \$630 | \$74,798 \$2,904 | \$93,477 \$4,456 | \$98,445 \$5,735 | \$103,641 \$6,478 | \$104,267 \$6,517 | \$97,099 \$5,421 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit | Ş3,70 9 | Ş630 | \$2,904 | \$4,430 | \$5,755 | 30,478 | \$6,517 | 33,421 |
| 2019 | Number of Retired Members ² Average annual salary used | 0 \$0 | 1 \$96,236 | 15 \$85,713 | 105 \$95,577 | 112 \$100,721 | 95 \$111,692 | 11 \$130,922 | 339 \$102,505 |
| 2018 | Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 \$0 | \$2,606 | \$3,301 | \$4,569 | \$5,901 | \$6,981 | \$8,183 | \$5,740 |
| | Number of Retired Members ³ | 1 | 5 | 14 | 133 | 204 | 117 | 7 | 481 |
| 2019 | Average annual salary used | \$29,649 | \$27,298 | \$72,912 | \$95,939 | \$104,238 | \$113,077 | \$122,510 | \$102,493 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit | \$618 | \$771 | \$2,935 | \$4,632 | \$6,181 | \$7,067 | \$7,657 | \$5,828 |
| 2020 | Number of Retired Members ⁴ | 0 | 1 | 5 | 126 | 279 | 134 | 8 | \$553 |
| 2020 | Average annual salary used Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 \$0 | \$15,558 \$357 | \$60,593 \$2,361 | \$96,945 \$4,572 | \$106,449 \$6,270 | \$117,718 \$7,357 | \$125,965 \$7,873 | \$106,718 \$6,124 |
| | Number of Retired Members ⁵ | 0 | 0 | 6 | 187 | 364 | 102 | 8 | 667 |
| 2021 | Average annual salary used | \$0 | \$0 | \$54,123 | \$99,691 | \$107,104 | \$112,400 | \$113,858 | \$105,440 |
| | Average Monthly Benefit | \$0 | \$0 | \$2,182 | \$4,737 | \$6,341 | \$7,025 | \$7,116 | \$5,968 |

¹Excludes data correction for one retiree previously valued as deceased.

⁵ Excludes three retirees whose annuities were reinstated after previously being classified as suspended.



²Excludes four retirees whose annuities were reinstated after previously being classified as suspended.

³Excludes one retiree whose annuity was reinstated after previously being suspended.

⁴Excludes five retirees whose annuities were reinstated after previously being classified as suspended.

Exhibit S History of Retirees and Beneficiaries Added to and Removed from Benefit Payroll

| | | Added | | Removed | End of Year | | Average Annual | Increase to Avg. | |
|------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------|--------------------|--------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|--|
| Yr. | No. | Annual Benefits. | No. | Annual Benefits | No. | Annual Benefits | Benefits | Benefits | |
| | Employee Annuitants (Male and Female) | | | | | | | | |
| 2012 | 539 | \$ 43,830,960 | 267 | \$ 12,652,422 | 9,035 | \$ 514,053,838 | \$ 56,896 | 3.3% | |
| 2013 | 401 | 36,004,890 | 242 | 11,690,500 | 9,194 | 538,368,228 | 58,556 | 2.9% | |
| 2014 | 392 | 34,915,092 | 275 | 13,594,175 | 9,311 | 559,689,145 | 60,111 | 2.7% | |
| 2015 | 363 | 34,830,781 | 289 | 15,450,195 | 9,385 | 579,069,731 | 61,702 | 2.6% | |
| 2016 | 494 | 44,891,597 | 276 | 15,314,830 | 9,603 | 608,646,498 | 63,381 | 2.7% | |
| 2017 | 581 | 56,599,441 | 285 | 15,718,884 | 9,899 | 649,527,055 | 65,615 | 3.5% | |
| 2018 | 343 | 37,905,119 | 312 | 17,816,794 | 9,930 | 669,615,380 | 67,434 | 2.8% | |
| 2019 | 482 | 43,818,101 | 334 | 20,607,160 | 10,078 | 692,826,321 | 68,746 | 1.9% | |
| 2020 | 558 | 61,036,082 | 353 | 21,689,922 | 10,283 | 732,172,481 | 71,202 | 3.6% | |
| 2021 | 670 | 64,044,843 | 352 | 22,954,508 | 10,601 | 773,262,816 | 72,942 | 2.4% | |
| | | | Widow | //Widower Annuitan | ts (Not Incl | uding Compensation) 1 | | | |
| 2012 | 174 | \$ 4,436,964 | 143 | \$ 2,110,153 | 3,122 | \$ 57,650,477 | \$ 18,466 | 3.2% | |
| 2013 | 157 | 3,969,877 | 149 | 2,259,835 | 3,130 | 59,360,519 | 18,965 | 2.7% | |
| 2014 | 128 | 3,403,918 | 149 | 2,515,975 | 3,109 | 60,248,462 | 19,379 | 2.2% | |
| 2015 | 147 | 4,022,206 | 178 | 2,831,532 | 3,078 | 61,439,136 | 19,961 | 3.0% | |
| 2016 | 140 | 4,231,504 | 116 | 1,939,517 | 3,102 | 63,731,123 | 20,545 | 2.9% | |
| 2017 | 158 | 7,074,268 | 201 | 3,335,935 | 3,059 | 67,469,456 | 22,056 | 7.4% | |
| 2018 | 179 | 5,804,968 | 184 | 3,533,975 | 3,054 | 69,740,449 | 22,836 | 3.5% | |
| 2019 | 185 | 6,443,233 | 169 | 3,384,776 | 3,070 | 72,798,906 | 23,713 | 3.8% | |
| 2020 | 143 | 4,885,497 | 188 | 3,872,627 | 3,025 | 73,811,776 | 24,401 | 2.9% | |
| 2021 | 216 | 7,479,141 | 178 | 3,807,133 | 3,063 | 77,483,784 | 25,297 | 3.7% | |

¹ Not including Compensation Annuitants.

Amounts shown are based on benefits in effect in that calendar year and have not been adjusted due to updated contracts and/or retroactive pay.



Exhibit T History of Retirees and Beneficiaries Total Retirees and Beneficiaries

| Year | Annuitants and Beneficiaries Beginning Year | Additions During Year | Terminations During Year | Annuitants and Beneficiaries Year-End | Average Annuitants and Beneficiaries ¹ |
|------|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------|---|---|
| 2012 | 12,663 | 811 | 508 | 12,966 | 12,830 |
| 2013 | 12,966 | 683 | 490 | 13,159 | 13,078 |
| 2014 | 13,159 | 596 | 525 | 13,230 | 13,195 |
| 2015 | 13,230 | 588 | 608 | 13,210 | 13,220 |
| 2016 | 13,210 | 697 | 513 | 13,394 | 13,302 |
| 2017 | 13,394 | 806 | 572 | 13,628 | 13,511 |
| 2018 | 13,628 | 585 | 582 | 13,631 | 13,630 |
| 2019 | 13,631 | 735 | 595 | 13,771 | 13,701 |
| 2020 | 13,771 | 746 | 617 | 13,900 | 13,836 |
| 2021 | 13,900 | 952 | 592 | 14,260 | 14,080 |

¹ Average number of annuitants and beneficiaries at beginning and end of year.



APPENDIX 4

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

I. Actuarial Cost Method

An Actuarial Cost Method is a set of techniques used by the actuary to develop contribution levels under a retirement plan. The Actuarial Cost Method used in this valuation for statutory funding and State reporting purposes and GASB accounting purposes is the Entry-Age Normal actuarial cost method.

Under the Entry-Age Normal Cost Method, each participant's projected benefit is allocated on a level percent of pay basis from entry age to assumed exit age. The Actuarial Accrued Liability is the portion of the present value associated with pay prior to the valuation date. The Normal Cost is the portion of the present value associated with pay during the current plan year.

To the extent that current assets and future Normal Costs do not support participants' expected future benefits, an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL") develops. The UAAL is generally amortized over a fixed period of time (e.g., 30 years) from the date incurred. The total contribution developed under this method is the sum of the Normal Cost and the payment toward the UAAL.

II. Current Actuarial Assumptions

The current actuarial assumptions are based on an experience study for the period January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2018 adopted by the Board on August 27, 2019 and became effective December 31, 2019.

Demographic Assumptions

Post-Retirement Mortality

Scaling factors of 119 percent for males, and 102 percent for females of the Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables, sex distinct, set forward one-year for males, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales recently released by the SOA. This assumption provides a margin for mortality improvements.

Disabled Mortality

Scaling factors of 129 percent for males, and 112 percent for females of the Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables, sex distinct, set forward one-year for males, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales recently released by the SOA. This assumption provides a margin for mortality improvements.

Pre-Retirement Mortality

Scaling factors of 100 percent for males, and 100 percent for females of the Pub-2010 Amount-weighted Safety Employee Mortality Tables, sex distinct, with generational mortality improvement using MP-2018 2-dimensional mortality improvement scales recently released by the SOA. This assumption provides a margin for mortality improvements.

We use what is termed "the limited fluctuation credibility procedure" to determine the appropriate scaling factor of the base mortality tables for each gender and each member classification. We used a liability weighted basis. In each case, the partial credibility factor (or "Z-factor") is computed based on the



experience of the specific group being studied. This Z-factor is a measure of the credibility of the pertinent group.

The Best Fit is the ratio of actual to expected deaths using the base table. The final scale is then determined as the weighted average of the Best Fit and 100 percent based on the Z-factor. For example, the Z-factor for male retirees is 97 percent, suggesting that the data for this group is 97 percent credible (there were not enough deaths among active members to be completely credible). The Best Fit for this group would be to scale the base tables by 119 percent. The final scale of 119 percent is the credibility-weighted average ($119\% = 97\% \times 119\% + 3\% \times 100\%$). Factors for females are determined similarly.

| | Future Life E (years) i | • | Future Life Expectancy (years) in 2035 | | |
|-----|----------------------------|--------|---|--------|--|
| | Postretir | ement | Postretir | ement | |
| Age | Male | Female | Male | Female | |
| | | | | | |
| 35 | 48.76 | 53.49 | 50.11 | 54.80 | |
| 40 | 43.49 | 48.16 | 44.82 | 49.46 | |
| 45 | 38.29 | 42.87 | 39.59 | 44.15 | |
| 50 | 33.17 | 37.63 | 34.43 | 38.90 | |
| 55 | 28.16 | 32.51 | 29.39 | 33.76 | |
| 60 | 23.36 | 27.61 | 24.54 | 28.80 | |
| 65 | 18.90 | 22.95 | 19.98 | 24.07 | |
| 70 | 14.81 | 18.54 | 15.77 | 19.57 | |
| 75 | 11.13 | 14.47 | 11.96 | 15.40 | |



Rate of Retirement:

The table below shows the assumed rates of retirement.

| | Attained | | |
|---|----------|--------|--------|
| _ | Age | Tier 1 | Tier 2 |
| | 50 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| | 51 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| | 52 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| | 53 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| | 54 | 0.05 | 0.03 |
| | 55 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| | 56 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| | 57 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| | 58 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| | 59 | 0.22 | 0.24 |
| | 60 | 0.22 | 0.22 |
| | 61 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| | 62 | 0.27 | 0.27 |
| | 63 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| | 64 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| | 65 | 1.00 | 1.00 |

Rate of Termination:

The table below shows the assumed rates of termination.

| Years of Service | Rate |
|------------------|-------|
| 0 | 0.030 |
| 1 | 0.025 |
| 2 | 0.017 |
| 3 | 0.015 |
| 4 | 0.014 |
| 5 | 0.014 |
| 6 | 0.013 |
| 7 | 0.010 |
| 8 | 0.009 |
| 9 | 0.009 |
| 10 | 0.009 |
| 11 | 0.008 |
| 12 | 0.007 |
| 13 | 0.006 |
| 14 + | 0.006 |
| | |



Rate of Disability:

The rate at which members are assumed to become disabled under the provisions of the Fund. The rates assumed are as follows:

| Attained Age | Rates |
|--------------|--------|
| 20-24 | 0.0002 |
| 25-29 | 0.0004 |
| 30-34 | 0.0007 |
| 35-39 | 0.0015 |
| 40-44 | 0.0026 |
| 45-49 | 0.0032 |
| 50-54 | 0.0042 |
| 55-59 | 0.0042 |
| 60-64 | 0.0043 |

Of the participants who become disabled in the future, the following distribution of disability types is assumed:

| Duty Disability: | 40% |
|----------------------------------|-----|
| Occupational Disease Disability: | 10% |
| Ordinary Disability: | 50% |

Economic Assumptions

Investment Return: 6.75 percent per year, compounded annually, net of investment expenses.

The 6.75 percent assumption is composed of a 2.25 percent inflation

assumption and a 4.50 percent real rate of return assumption.

General Inflation: 2.25 percent per year, compounded annually.

This assumption serves as the basis for the determination of annual increases in pension and the pensionable salary cap for Tier 2 members.

Wage Inflation and Payroll Growth:

3.50 percent per year, compounded annually.



Actuarial Methods and Assumptions as of December 31, 2021

Future Salary Increases:

The assumed base rate of individual salary increase is 3.50 percent per year (underlying wage inflation assumption), plus an additional percentage based on the following service scale:

| Years of | Base | Wage | Total |
|----------|--------|-----------|--------|
| Service* | Rates | Inflation | Rates |
| 0 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 1 | 38.50% | 3.50% | 42.00% |
| 2 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |
| 3 | 3.50% | 3.50% | 7.00% |
| 4 | 3.50% | 3.50% | 7.00% |
| 5 | 3.50% | 3.50% | 7.00% |
| 6-9 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 10 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |
| 11-14 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 15 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |
| 16-19 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 20 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |
| 21-24 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 25 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |
| 26-29 | 0.00% | 3.50% | 3.50% |
| 30 | 4.00% | 3.50% | 7.50% |

^{*} Includes increases at 12 and 18 months of service.

Asset Value: The Actuarial Value of Assets is smoothed by using a five-year phase-in of

each year's unexpected investment gains and losses.

Expenses: Statutory funding projections include an explicit administrative expense

assumption of \$3,385,000 for plan year end December 31, 2021, increased

by 2.25% per year.

Projection Assumptions

Active Population: Active members who terminate, retire, become disabled or die during the

year are replaced by new entrants such that the number of active members remains level during the projection period based on the most recent actuarial valuation. The number of active members as of the

valuation at December 31, 2021 is 12,126.

New Entrant Profile: The entry age of future new entrants, which is summarized below, is based

on the profile of current active members hired over the last five years with



Actuarial Methods and Assumptions as of December 31, 2021

one or more years of service as of December 31, 2021. These members were hired from January 1, 2017 through December 31, 2020.

| Entry Age | Number |
|-----------|--------|
| Under 20 | 0 |
| 20 to 25 | 907 |
| 25 to 30 | 985 |
| 30 to 35 | 527 |
| 35 to 40 | 253 |
| 40 to 55 | 6 |

Approximately 72% of the new entrants are assumed to be male.

New Entrant Pay:Based on the most recent employment contract, new entrants were

assumed to earn \$52,038 for the plan year ending December 31, 2021 and \$54,672 for the plan year ending December 31, 2022. This amount does not include duty availability pay. The new entrant pay for members hired after 2021 is assumed to increase by the wage inflation assumption of 3.50% plus duty availability pay after two years, increased by CPI

compounded.

New Entrant Pay Increases: Pay for a specific new entrant is assumed to increase in the future by the

wage inflation and the service based increases disclosed in this actuarial

valuation.

The projections assume a pay cap of \$119,892.41 for plan year 2022, increasing by 1.125% per year after plan year 2022. The annual increase of 1.125% per year is based on 50% of the CPI-U increase which is assumed to

be 2.25% per year.

Other Assumptions

Marital Status: It is assumed that 75 percent of active members have an eligible spouse.

The male spouse is assumed to be three years older than the female

spouse. No assumption is made about other dependents.

Reciprocal Service: No assumption for reciprocal service.

Benefit Service: Exact fractional years of service are used to determine the amount of

benefit payable.

Decrement Timing: All decrements are assumed to occur mid-year.

Decrement Relativity: Decrement rates are used directly from the experience study, without

adjustment for multiple decrement table effects.



Actuarial Methods and Assumptions as of December 31, 2021

Decrement Operation: Turnover decrements do not operate after member reaches retirement

eligibility for a minimum annuity formula benefit.

Eligibility Testing: Eligibility for benefits is determined based upon the age nearest birthday

and service on the date the decrement is assumed to occur.

Pay Increase Timing: Beginning of the (fiscal) year.

Tax Levy Loss: No tax levy loss is assumed

Health Insurance

Premium Subsidies: Current recipients of the \$55 per month for non-Medicare and \$21 per

month for Medicare health insurance premium subsidy were identified in the data provided by PABF staff. The subsidies for current recipients are assumed to continue during the recipient's lifetime. The valuation assumes 65 percent of future retirees (i.e., current actives) eligible for the subsidy will receive it in the future and 20 percent of eligible current retirees not

currently receiving the subsidy will receive it in the future.

Benefit Adjustments: To calculate retiree liabilities, benefits for retirees who retired from 2018

through 2021 were increased by the following amounts to estimate increased benefits due to expected recalculation of benefits due to the new FOP contract with retroactive salary increases from July 1, 2017 to

date of retirement.

| Year of Retirement | Benefit Adjustment |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 2018 | 0.55% |
| 2019 | 1.67% |
| 2020 | 3.41% |
| 2021 | 5.74% |



APPENDIX 5

SUMMARY OF PROVISIONS OF THE FUND AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

PARTICIPANTS

An employee in the police department of the City of Chicago appointed and sworn or designated by law as a peace officer with the title of policeman, policewoman, chief surgeon, police surgeon, police dog catcher, police kennelman, police matron and members of the police force of the police department.

SERVICE

In computing service rendered by a police officer, the following periods shall be counted, in addition to all periods during which he performed the duties of his position, as periods of service for annuity purposes only: All periods of (a) vacation; (b) leave of absence with pay; (c) military service; (d) disability for which the police officer receives disability benefit. The calculation of service is based on a day-to-day basis for most purposes. For the purpose of calculating benefits under the Dominant Formula, one year of Service is credited for a year in any portion of which a police officer is compensated.

RETIREMENT

Eligibility

Attainment of age 50 with at least 10 years of service.

For participants who first became members on or after January 1, 2011, attainment of age 55 with at least 10 years of service. Participants may retire at attainment of age 50 with 10 years of service with a reduced

benefit.

Mandatory

Effective in plan year 2003, retirement is mandatory for a participant who has attained age 63.

Accumulation Annuity

At age 50 or more, with 10 or more years of service, the employee is entitled to an annuity based on the sums accumulated for age and service annuity plus 1/10 of the sum accumulated from the contributions by the City for the age and service annuity for each completed year of service after the first 10 years. At age 50 or more with 20 or more years, the employee is entitled to an annuity based on all sums accumulated.

Formula Minimum Annuity

While there are several alternative formulas available with 20 or more years of service, the Dominant Formula is 50% of highest average salary (including duty availability pay) in 48 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service plus 2.5% for each year or fraction of service over 20 years, limited to 75% of average salary.



Mandatory Retirement Minimum Annuity

A police officer who is required to withdraw from service due to attainment of mandatory retirement age who has less than 20 years of service credit may elect to receive an annuity equal to 30% of average salary for the first 10 years of service, plus 2% of average salary for each completed year of service in excess of 10, to a maximum of 48% of average salary. This benefit qualifies for post-retirement increases.

Post-Retirement Increase

A retiree born before January 1, 1966, with at least 20 years of service or receiving a mandatory retirement minimum annuity, receives an increase of 3% of the original annuity, starting on the first of the month following the first anniversary of his retirement or the first of the month following attainment of age 55, whichever is later, and shall not be subject to a 30% maximum increase. For retirees born on and after January 1, 1966, automatic increases are 1.5% of the original annuity, commencing at age 60, or the first anniversary of retirement, if later, to a maximum of 30%.

For participants who first became members on or after January 1, 2011, increases are equal to the lesser of 3.00% and 50% of CPI-U of the original benefit, commencing at age 60.



Minimum Annuity

Beginning with the monthly annuity payment due on January 1, 2016, the fixed and granted monthly annuity payment for any policeman who retired from the service before January 1, 2016, at age 50 or over with 20 or more years of service, and for any policeman who retired from service due to termination of disability and who is entitled to an annuity on January 1, 2016, shall be no less than 125% of the Federal Poverty Level.

For participants who first became members on or after January 1, 2011, the member is entitled to an annuity based on an accrual rate of 2.5% of the final average salary for each fraction of service. Maximum is 75% of the final average salary. Final average salary is calculated using salary from the eight highest consecutive years within the last 10 years of service prior to retirement. Pensionable salary is limited to \$106,800 in 2011, increased by the lesser of 3% and one-half of the annual unadjusted percentage increase in the Consumer Price Index-U (but not less than zero) as measured in the preceding 12- month period ending with the September preceding the November 1, which is the date that the new amount will be calculated and made available to the pension funds.

For participants who first became members on or after January 1, 2011, who retire after age 50 but before age 55 is attained, the member is entitled to an annuity based on an accrual rate of 2.5% of the final average salary for each fraction of service, reduced by one half of one percent per month for retirement prior to age 55, subject to a maximum benefit of 75%.

Reversionary Annuity

A member, prior to retirement, may elect to reduce his own annuity, and provide a reversionary annuity, to begin upon the officer's death, for the officer's spouse.

SURVIVOR INCOME BENEFITS PAYABLE ON DEATH

Death in Service (Non-Duty):

Generally, a money-purchase benefit is provided, based on total salary deductions and City contributions. However, if a policeman dies in service after December 31, 1985, with at least 1.5 years of service, the widow's annuity is the greater of (a) 30% of the annual maximum salary attached to the classified civil service position of a first class patrolman at the time of his death (without dollar limit) or (b) 50% of the benefit accrued by the policeman at date of death.

The lifetime benefit is payable until death.



Death in Service (Duty Related)

Compensation Annuity 75% of the member's salary attached to the civil service position that

would ordinarily have been paid to such member as though in active discharge of his duties at the time of death payable until the date the

policeman would have attained age 63.

Supplemental Annuity Payable for life and is equal to the difference between the money

purchase annuity for the spouse and an amount equal to 75% of the annual salary (including all salary increases and longevity raises) the police officer would have been receiving when he attained age 63 if the police officer had continued in service at the same rank last held

in the department.

Death after Retirement If a police officer retires on or after January 1, 1986, and subsequently

dies, the widow's annuity is 40% before 1988 and 50% on and after January 1, 1988 of the retired policeman's annuity at the time of

death (without dollar limit).

Maximum Annuity \$500 a month (after discount for age difference) under both the

accumulation method and the old formula method. There is no dollar

limit on the 30%, 40% or 50% benefit.

Minimum Annuity The minimum widow's annuity shall be no less than 125% of the

Federal Poverty Level.

For participants who first became members on or after

January 1, 2011, widow benefits are equal to 66-2/3% of the officer's earned annuity at the date of death. Automatic increases to the

annuity are equal to the lesser of 3.00% and 50% of CPI-U,

commencing when the survivor reaches age 60, and applied to the

original granted retirement annuity.

CHILDREN'S ANNUITIES

Eligibility Payable at death of the policeman to all unmarried children less than

18 years of age.

Benefit 10% of the annual maximum salary of a first class patrolman during

widow (widower) life, 15% otherwise.



Payable Until Age 18. If the child is disabled, benefit is payable for life or as long as

such disablement exists.

Family Maximum 60% (non-duty death) or 100% (duty death) of the salary that would

ordinarily been paid to the policeman, if he had been in the active

discharge of his duties.

Parent's Annuities Eligibility

Payable to a dependent parent at the death of a policeman who is in either active service, or receiving a disability benefit, or on leave of absence, or in receipt of an annuity granted after 20 years of service, or waiting to start receiving an annuity granted for 20 years of service. The benefit is only payable if there are no surviving spouses

or children eligible for benefits.

Benefit 18% of the current salary attached to the rank at separation from

service.

Payable until Death of the dependent parent.

DUTY DISABILITY BENEFIT

Eligibility Disabling condition incurred in the performance of duty.

Benefit 75% of salary at the time the disability is allowed plus \$100.00 per

month for each unmarried child less than age 18, (total amount of

child's benefits shall not exceed 25% of salary). Beginning

January 1, 2000, after seven years of payment, the benefit shall not be less than 60% of the current salary attached to the rank held by the policemen at the time of disability. Payable to employee's age 63 or by operation of law, whichever is later. Salary deductions are

contributed by the City.

OCCUPATIONAL DISEASE DISABILITY BENEFIT

Eligibility Heart attack or any disability heart disease after 10 years of service.



Benefit

65% of salary attached to the rank held by the police officer at the time of his or her removal from the police department payroll with a minimum after 10 years of 50% of the current salary attached to the rank. Each natural or legally adopted unmarried child of the officer under the age of 18 is entitled to a benefit of \$100 per month. This benefit is not terminated at age 18 if the child is then dependent by reason of physical or mental disability. Salary deductions are contributed by the City.

ORDINARY DISABILITY BENEFIT

Eligibility Disabling condition other than duty or occupational related.

Benefit 50% of salary at the time of injury, payable for a period not more than

25% of service (excluding any previous disability time) rendered prior to injury, nor more than five years. Disability shall cease at age 63.

Salary deductions are contributed by the City.

DEATH BENEFIT

Eligibility Payable upon the death of a police officer whose death occurs while

in active service; on authorized leave of absence; within 60 days of receipt of salary; while receiving duty or ordinary disability benefit; occurring within 60 days of termination of such benefit; or occurring on retirement while in receipt of annuity and separation was effective after 20 years of service. This benefit is payable to beneficiaries or, if

none, to estate.

Benefit

Death in Service: Age at Death Benefit

49 and under \$12,000

50-62 \$12,000 less \$400 for each year by which

age at death exceeds 49

Death after Retirement: AGE AT DEATH BENEFIT

50 and over \$6,000

If death results from injury incurred in performance of duty before retirement on annuity, the benefit payable is \$12,000 regardless of

the attained age.



| | IDS |
|--|-----|
| | |

Policemen Without regard to service and under age 50, or with less than 10

years of service and under age 57 at withdrawal: a refund of all salary deductions together with 1.5% simple interest until the date of

withdrawal.

For Spouse's Annuity Upon retirement an unmarried policeman will receive a refund of

contributions for spouse's annuity, accumulated at 3% compounded

annually.

Of Remaining Amounts If at death of a retired policeman the total member contributions paid

while active exceed the total retirement benefits paid to date of

death, the difference is payable.

CONTRIBUTIONS

| Salary Deductions | Employee | 7 % | |
|---------------------------------|------------------|----------|-------------|
| | Spouse | 11/2% | |
| | Annuity Increase | 1/2% | |
| | | 9 % | |
| City Contributions ¹ | Employee | 9-5/7% | |
| | Spouse | 2% | |
| | Annuity Increase | 1/2% | Unallocated |
| | | 12-3/14% | |

¹ Credited to Participant's Accumulation Annuity and Widow's Annuity Account

In addition to the above contributions, a contribution is made to support the Death Benefit. Policemen contribute \$2.50 per month. City contributes a total of \$224,000 for all policemen.

Prior to 2015, the total City contribution was generated by a tax equal to double the contributions by the policemen to the Fund two years prior to the year of the tax levy.

Under P.A. 99-0506, City contributions are equal to \$420 million in payment year 2016, \$464 million in payment year 2017, \$500 million in payment year 2018, \$557 million in payment year 2019 and \$579 million in payment year 2020. For payment years after 2020, the City is required to make level percent of pay contributions for plan years 2020 through 2055 that along with member contributions and investment earnings are expected to generate a projected funded ratio of 90% by plan year end 2055.



"PICK UP" OF EMPLOYEE SALARY DEDUCTIONS

Beginning January 1, 1982, the employee contributions were "picked up" by the employer. The W-2 salary is therefore reduced by the amount of contribution. For pension purposes the salary remains unchanged. Income tax will be paid when a refund or annuity is received. For the purpose of benefits, refunds or contributions, these contributions will be treated as employee contributions.

SALARY CAP AND COLA DEVELOPMENT FOR MEMBERS HIRED ON OR AFTER JANUARY 1, 2011

| Year Ending | CPI-U | ½ CPI-U | COLA | Maximum Annual Pensionable Earnings |
|-------------|-------|---------|-------|--|
| 2011 | | | 3.00% | \$106,800.00 |
| 2012 | 3.90% | 1.95% | 1.95% | \$108,882.60 |
| 2013 | 2.00% | 1.00% | 1.00% | \$109,971.43 |
| 2014 | 1.20% | 0.60% | 0.60% | \$110,631.26 |
| 2015 | 1.70% | 0.85% | 0.85% | \$111,571.63 |
| 2016 | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.00% | \$111,571.63 |
| 2017 | 1.50% | 0.75% | 0.75% | \$112,408.42 |
| 2018 | 2.20% | 1.10% | 1.10% | \$113,644.91 |
| 2019 | 2.30% | 1.15% | 1.15% | \$114,951.83 |
| 2020 | 1.70% | 0.85% | 0.85% | \$115,928.92 |
| 2021 | 1.40% | 0.70% | 0.70% | \$116,740.42 |
| 2022 | 5.40% | 2.70% | 2.70% | \$119,892.41 |



Health Insurance Premium Subsidies

Pursuant to the court order Underwood, et al. v. City of Chicago, et al. PABF provides retiree health insurance premium subsidies to certain eligible annuitants.

To be eligible for the PABF paid subsidy, the annuitant must meet the following eligibility requirements to receive partial reimbursement for healthcare costs:

- 1) Annuitant must have retired on or after August 23, 1989;
- 2) Annuitant must have been hired prior to April 4, 2003; and
- 3) Annuitant must have either:
 - a) Participated in a group healthcare plan for which the Fund offers to deduct health insurance premiums from monthly annuities in accordance with the 1983 and 1985 amendments to the Illinois Pension Code Statutes (currently either the Blue Cross/Blue Shield plans sponsored by the City of Chicago; the Aetna plans sponsored by the Labor Benefits Association; or the United American Insurance Co. plans sponsored by the Chicago Police Sergeants' Association);
 OR
 - b) For the period between January 1, 2017, and December 31, 2019, participated in any health insurance plan and paid their healthcare insurance premiums themselves, either through an account on which the annuitant is named or an account established for the benefit of the annuitant.

Eligible annuitants are entitled to receive a health insurance premium subsidy payable from PABF for the lifetime of the employee annuitant in the amount of \$55 per month if the annuitant is not receiving Medicare benefits or \$21 per month if the annuitant is receiving Medicare benefits.





LEGISLATIVE CHANGES 1979 THROUGH 2021

1979 Session

HB 2128

Refund repayment provided at least three years of service after reentry, surviving spouse may pay in the case of death of the employee.

HB 2012

Under IRS Code Section 414(h), employer may pick up the employee contributions for all compensation earned after December 31, 1981, by a reduction in the cash salary or an offset to a future salary increase or by a combination of both.

HB 2160

Duty disability benefit based on the salary when the benefit is payable in the case of a disabled policeman who returns to active service for a period of at least two years.

1980 Session

HB 3635

Reversed all changes made by HB 2012 and put the pick-up section as a new paragraph; they are treated as employee contributions for all purposes, including refunds and determination of the tax levy.

1981 Session

SB 21

Actuarial reporting standards.

SB 851

Authorizes investments in conventional mortgage pass-through securities.

SB 879

Financial statement required by Department of Insurance within six months and actuarial statement within 9 months; \$100 penalty per day if late.

SB 1126

Duty disability benefits based on salary at time disability is allowed; salary for policeman on leave of absence; definition of heart attack.

HB 291

Minimum survivor's annuity from \$200 to \$250.

Spring 1982 Session

SB 740

Minimum employee annuity from \$350 to \$400 effective July 1, 1982, for policemen who retired before September 1, 1976.



SB 1127

3% post-retirement increase for employees born before January 1, 1930, without 30% maximum, effective January 1, 1983.

Group health hospital and surgical insurance premium \$55 for annuitant not qualified to receive Medicare; \$21 if annuitant is qualified, effective January 1, 1983.

SB 1147

Actuarial reporting to Insurance Department and Pension Laws Commission. Actuarial statements prepared by a qualified actuary for plan years ending after December 31, 1984, including actuarial present value of credited projected benefits.

SB 1579

Permitted investment list moved to general section of the statute. Expanded fiduciary standards, prohibited transactions, civil action may be brought by Attorney General or by a participant.

Spring 1983 Session

SB 22

Delegation of investment authority restrictions.

HB 514

10% prudent person investment category.

HB 1412

Heart attack; need not result from an injury.

HB 1413

Wrongful death of a police officer bars benefit.

HB 1414

50/20 50%, plus 2% minimum formula; if retire in 1984 qualify with 52 and 22; in 1985, 51 and 21; in 1986 and after, 50 and 20.

HB 2003

Reversionary annuity. Securities lending.

City Ordinance

Changes compulsory retirement from 63 to 70.

1984 Court Decision

Kaner case awarding widow compensation annuity 75% of the salary attached to the civil service position that would have ordinarily have been paid to him as though he were in active discharge of his duties for widows of policemen who died a duty death after January 1, 1970.



1984 Session

Illinois Public Employees' Pension Laws Commission abolished.

1985 Session

HB 1529

30% (of maximum first class patrolman salary) widow's benefit for death in service, with 1.5 years of service, eliminated the excess spouse refund.

40% (of policeman annuity at the time of death) widow's benefit for death after retirement (for retirements after January 1, 1986, only).

Death benefit increase: retirees \$2,250 to \$6,000, actives \$12,000 before 50 graded down to \$6,000.

Minimum widow pension from \$250 to \$325 under certain conditions.

3% increase for the closed group receiving 2%.

Widow compensation annuity for duty deaths after September 17, 1969.

1986 Session

HB 2630

Expands the widow compensation annuity category to include duty deaths after January 1, 1940.

1987 Session

HB 2715

Beginning January 1, 1988, 50% of employees' annuity at death for widows (present and future) whose spouse retired on or after January 1, 1986.

3% annual increase for life to all employee annuitants (present and future) born before 1940 instead of 1930.

1988 Session

No legislative changes.

1989 Session

SB 95

Signed August 23, 1989. Changed the amount of fund paid health insurance "supplement" from January 1, 1988 until December 31, 1992, to \$65 per month for each annuitant not qualified to receive Medicare benefits (and \$35 if qualified) and from January 1, 1995 until December 31, 1997, the amounts are \$75 and \$45, respectively. Widows will now be supplemented also. The City will be required to pay 50% of the



aggregated cost of health care claims for the retired group under all health care plans offered by the City. A procedure was established for the City to determine, with the help of an independent actuary, the aggregate cost of claims and premiums for each calendar year from 1989 through 1997 for the retired group.

\$150 to \$200 minimum widow's benefit.

Beginning January 1, 1990, minimum widow's annuity shall be \$400.

Transfer of credits to IMRF for a County Sheriff upon application and payment by the Fund.

HB 332

Signed August 23, 1989, age discrimination changes. Removed the age 63 limitations in determining benefits for money purchase employee and widow annuities, disability benefits and refunds. The change requires contributions (deductions from salary) and concurrent City contributions from January 1, 1988, until withdrawal but not for the period between the attainment of age 63 and January 1, 1988.

Allow transfer credits and creditable service under any other pension fund if police officer has 10 years of service and payment before January 1, 1990.

Provides for a transfer of credits to the Municipal Fund or State Fund of any police officer with at least 10 years of service.

1990 Session

SB 1951

Allows policemen to withdraw at age under 50 with at least 20 years of service to receive benefit based on minimum formula commencing at age 50.

Widows of active policemen receive benefit not less than 50% of annuity payable to the policeman had he retired on the date of death.

Compensation and supplemental widows' annuities do not cease upon remarriage.

1991 Session

HB 969

Increases the minimum monthly benefit to retirees who had at least 20 years of service prior to January 1, 1992, to \$650.

Increases the minimum monthly widow's annuity payable upon death after January 1, 1992 of:

- An active policeman with at least 10 years of service; or
- A policeman who had at least 20 years of service at withdrawal from the Fund to \$500.



1992 Session

No legislative changes.

1993 Session

SB 1650

Increases the minimum monthly benefit to retirees who had at least 20 years of service prior to January 1, 1995, to \$750, and after January 1, 1995, to \$850.

Increases the minimum monthly widow's annuity payable upon death after January 1, 1995 of:

- An active policeman with at least 10 years of service; or
- A policeman who had at least 20 years of service at withdrawal from the Fund to \$600, and after January 1, 1995, to \$700.

1994 Session

No legislative changes.

1995 Session

SB 99

Beginning January 1, 1996, supplemental annuity changed to the difference between the annuity for the widow and an amount equal to 50% of the annual salary (including all salary increases and longevity raises) the policeman would have been receiving when he attained age 63 if the policeman had continued in service at the same rank (whether career service or exempt) that he last held in the police department.

Beginning January 1, 1996, duty disability minimum benefit is stated such that after 10 years of payment the benefit shall not be less than 50% of the current salary attached to the rank held by the policeman at the time of removal from police department payroll.

An occupational disease disability benefit has been added for any policeman with at least 10 years of service who suffers a heart attack or any other disability heart disease. The benefit shall be 65% of salary attached to the rank held by the officer at the time of his or her removal from the police department payroll, with a minimum after 10 years of 50% of the current salary attached to the rank. Each natural or legally adopted unmarried child of the officer under age 18 is entitled to a benefit of \$50 per month. This benefit is not terminated at age 18 if child is then dependent by reason of a physical or mental disability.

Beginning January 1, 1996, the age of the commencement of automatic increases in annuities has been lowered to age 55 for policemen born on or after January 1, 1940, but before January 1, 1945. Any policemen born before January 1, 1945, who qualifies for a minimum annuity and retires after September 1, 1967, not receiving the initial increases before January 1, 1996, will receive the initial increase on (1) January 1, 1996, (2) the first anniversary of the date of retirement, or (3) attainment of age 55, whichever occurs last.



Beginning January 1, 1996, the minimum monthly widow's annuity payable upon death increases to \$700.00 for all widow's not previously eligible for the minimum.

1996 Session

SB 1456

Effective August 9, 1996, a parent's annuity equal to 18% of the current salary attached to the rank at separation from service will be provided to each of the natural parents of a police officer who dies under certain conditions. Those conditions include: death in active service, while receiving a disability benefit, during leave of absences or after 20 years of service and eligible or receiving an annuity. The benefit is payable only if there are no surviving spouse or children eligible for benefits.

1997 Session

P.A. 90-551

Effective December 12, 1997, the law was amended to include on prospective basis duty availability in the definition of salary. The law also allows policemen who retired or were at least age 50 and had at least 20 years of service between July 1, 1994, and December 31, 1997, to count duty availability pay in the calculation of final average salary. In order for this to happen, the policemen must elect to do so and must contribute the employee contributions (9%) without interest from the duty availability pay that is to be considered in the final average salary calculation.

Effective June 27, 1997, P.A. 90-0031 was enacted. This law extends the hospitalization plan through June 30, 2002, for annuitants and their eligible dependents.

Effective July 1, 1997, P.A. 89-643 was amended. This provision extended the parent's annuity eligibility to apply to dependent parents of police officers who died prior to August 9, 1996.

1998 Session

P.A. 90-0766

Effective August 16, 1998, this law increased the minimum monthly widow's annuity payable from \$700.00 to \$800.00, effective January 1, 2021. This law also increased the earnings limit maximum for those receiving disability benefits such that the sum of the disability benefit and outside compensation may be up to 150% of the rate of salary which the participant would be receiving if working in his regularly appointed civil service position as a policeman.

1999 Session

No legislative changes.

2000 Session

In 2000 the City of Chicago has enacted mandatory retirement for Policemen upon attainment of age 63.



2001 Session

P.A. 92-0052

Effective July 12, 2001.

Beginning on January 1, 2000, the minimum duty disability after seven years of payment shall be 60% of the current salary attached to the rank held by the policeman at the time of removal from police department payroll. If the Board finds that the disability permanently renders the policeman totally disabled for any service of a remunerative character, the minimum disability benefit shall be 75% of the current salary attached to the rank held by the policeman at the time of removal from payroll.

The child's benefit for both duty disability and occupational disease disability was increased to \$100 per month.

The law removed the earnings limit of 150% of regular salary to be eligible to receive disability benefits.

With effect from January 1, 2000, the age of the commencement of the automatic 3% increases in annuities has been lowered to age 55 for policemen born on or after January 1, 1945, but before January 1, 1950. Any policeman born before January 1, 1950, who qualifies for a minimum annuity and retires after September 1, 1967, not receiving the initial increase before January 1, 2000, will receive the initial increase at the latest of (1) January 1, 2000, (2) the first anniversary of the date of retirement, or (3) attainment of age 55.

2002 Session

HB 5168

- Effective June 28, 2002.
- A police officer who is required to withdraw from service due to attainment of mandatory retirement age and who has less than 20 years of service credit, may elect to receive an annuity equal to 30% of average salary for the first 10 years of service, plus 2% of average salary for each completed year of service in excess of 10, to a maximum of 48% of average salary. This benefit qualifies for post-retirement increases.
- The supplemental annuity payable to the widow of an officer on account of a duty-related death is increased to the difference between the money purchase annuity for the spouse and 75% (previously 50%) of the annual salary the police officer would have been receiving when he attained age 63 if the police officer had continued in service at the same rank last held in the department.
- The pension fund subsidy for retiree health insurance was extended through June 30, 2003. For annuitants (other than child annuitants) taking the employer-provided plan, the subsidy is \$75 per month if the annuitant is not eligible for Medicare and \$45 per month if the annuitant is eligible for Medicare.



2003 Session

SB 1701

- Effective July 1, 2003.
- The healthcare benefits were increased to \$85 per month for non-Medicare eligible participants and \$55 per month for Medicare eligible participants for the period from July 1, 2003 through June 30, 2008. Thereafter, the benefits are increased from \$85 to \$95 and \$55 to \$65 for the period July 1, 2008 to June 30, 2013.
- The healthcare benefits referred to above are not and shall not be construed to be pension or retirement benefits for the purposes of Section 5 of Article XIII of the Illinois Constitution of 1970.

2004 Session

P.A. 93-0654

- Effective January 16, 2004.
- The minimum annuity formula accrual rate for service after 20 years was increased from 2.0% to 2.5% with total benefits limited to 75% of final average pay.
- The minimum benefit for age-service retirements was increased to \$950 per month during 2004 and \$1,050 per month thereafter.
- The minimum widow annuity was increased to \$900 per month during 2004 and \$1,000 per month thereafter.

2005 Session

P.A. 94-0624

- Effective August 18, 2005.
- Beginning January 1, 2000, removes the limitation for maintaining benefits for non-civil service positions when assigned within three years of retirement for non-civil service positions with the title of Captain.

HB 1009

Effective January 1, 2005, any policeman born after January 1, 1950, but before January 1, 1955, shall receive a benefit increase of 3% compounded annually. Any policeman born before January 1, 1955, who qualifies for a minimum annuity and retires after September 1, 1967, not receiving the initial increase before January 1, 2005, will receive the initial increase at the latest of (1) January 1, 2005, (2) the first anniversary of the date of retirement, or (3) attainment of age 55.



SB 23

- Approved June 27, 2005.
- Prohibits the investment or deposit from the retirement system or pension fund to certain entities doing business in or with the government of the Republic of the Sudan. Fund managing companies must certify that under Section 1-110.5 of the pension code that they have not loaned to, invested in or otherwise transferred any of the pension fund assets to a forbidden entity.

SB 1446

- Approved August 22, 2005.
- Provides for various changes in provisions and procedures concerning Qualified Illinois Domestic Relations Orders. Allows for alternate payee's benefit to be based on a percentage of employee's benefit. Effective July 1, 2006.

2006 Session

No legislative changes.

2007 Session

P.A. 95-0279

- Effective January 1, 2008.
- Removes restriction that a child be born or legally adopted before withdrawal from service for a child's annuity. Removes restriction requiring that adoption proceedings must have been initiated 6 months prior to the policeman's death.

P.A. 95-0504

- Effective August 28, 2007.
- Beginning on the effective date, a widow's annuity shall no longer be subject to termination or suspension due to remarriage. Any widow's annuities previously terminated or suspended due to remarriage shall be resumed upon application, but the resumption shall not be retroactive.
- At the discretion of the Board, a widow's annuity may be granted to a widow who was denied a benefit for having been married less than one year at the time of the member's death.
- Removes age limitation on child's annuity for children who are so physically or mentally handicapped as to be unable to support themselves.

2008 Session

No legislative changes.



2009 Session

P.A. 95 -1036

- Effective February 17, 2009.
- For purposes of tax levy, contributions by the policeman to the Fund shall not include payments made by a policeman to establish credit under Section 5-214.2.
- An officer with prior service credit under article 3,7,9,10,13,14,15 Funds may transfer up to 10 years of service in 6 month increments provided the transfer of service results in no increase to the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Fund.

P.A. 96-0006

- Effective April 3, 2009.
- The Illinois Governmental Ethics Act.

P.A. 96 -285

- Effective August 11, 2009.
- Extends P.A. 95-1036 service purchase eligibility to include members of article 8 Funds and law enforcement officers with any agency of the United States Government.

P.A. 96-727

- Effective August 25, 2009.
- Allows an officer with at least 10 years of PABF service to transfer up to 48 months of eligible service as a County Correctional Officer. The officer is required to pay to the Fund the difference between contributions transferred by the County on behalf of the officer and the amount of employee and employer contributions that would have been contributed had the officer been a member of this Fund plus interest at the actuarially assumed rate.

P.A. 96 -745

- Effective August 25, 2009.
- Transfer of service to Article 14 (State Employees' Retirement System) now includes investigators for the Office of the Attorney General and investigators for The Department of Revenue. Interest on the repayment of refund is changed from 6% to the actuarially assumed rate.

P.A. 96-753

- Effective August 25, 2009.
- Encourages the public pension funds, and any State entity investing on behalf of the public pension funds, to promote the economy of Illinois through the use of economic opportunity investments.



 Instructs the fund's investment advisors to utilize investment strategies designed to ensure that all securities transactions are executed in such a manner that the total explicit and implicit costs and total proceeds in every transaction are the most favorable under the circumstances.

2010 Session

P.A. 96-1260

- Effective July 23, 2010.
- A policeman may purchase benefit service for all periods of service in the military before beginning service as an active policeman. The total amount of such service shall not exceed two years.

P.A. 96-1495 (HB 3538)

- Effective January 1, 2011.
- Changes the financing for the Fund. Assets are marked to market at March 30, 2011. For fiscal years ending after March 30, 2011, the actuarial value of assets is based on a five-year smoothing of investment gains and losses incurred in fiscal years ending after March 30, 2011. The City levies a new tax starting in FY2015. Each year, employer contributions combined with member contributions and other fund revenue must be equal to the amount that is sufficient to produce 90% funding by the end of fiscal year 2040. The projections are based on an open group projection and level percent of pay financing and actuarial liabilities are based on the Projected Unit Credit cost method. If the City does not make the statutorily required contributions, then the State, starting in FY 2016, could withhold State grants to the City, and directly deposit the withheld funds into the PABF. The withheld funds are limited to 33% of total State grants to the City in FY 2016, 67% in FY 2017, and 100% on and after FY 2018.
- Changes benefits for members hired on or after January 1, 2011. For these employees the minimum retirement eligibility is at age 55 with 10 years of service with the annuity based on an accrual rate of 2.5%, subject to a maximum of 75%. Employees may retire at age 50 with 10 years of service with the annuity based on accrual rate of 2.5%, reduced by one half of one percent per month for retirement prior to age 55, subject to a maximum of 75%. The final average salary is based on 96 consecutive months within the last 120 months. Annual salary is capped at \$106,800, indexed annually at the lesser of 3.0% and 50% of CPI-U. COLA is equal to the lesser of 3.0% and 50% of CPI-U, commencing at age 60, with no 30% cap, applied to the original granted retirement annuity. Widow benefits are 66-2/3% of the policemen's earned annuity at the date of death. Widow COLA is equal to the lesser of 3.0% and 50% of CPI-U, commencing when the survivor reached age 60, and applied to the original granted retirement annuity.



2011 Session

P.A. 97-326 (HB 1872)

- Effective August 12, 2011.
- A policeman may transfer up to 10 years of credible service to a fund covered under Article 3. The PABF will pay the Article 3 fund an amount consisting of (1) the amounts credited to the applicant through employee contributions, plus accumulated interest plus (2) an amount representing municipality contributions equal to the amount determined in (1) plus (3) any interest paid to the PABF in order to reinstate credits and credible service.
- A policeman may reinstate credits and credible service that was terminated upon receipt of a refund, by paying the Fund the amount of the refund plus interest thereon at the actuarially assumed rate, compounded annually, from the date of the refund to the date of the payment.

P.A. 97-344 (HB 3376)

- Effective August 12, 2011.
- Makes changes concerning annual increases to the monthly annuities of persons who first become a policeman on or after January 1, 2011 and deletes repetitive language concerning annual increases in survivor's annuities for Tier 2.

P.A. 97-530 (SB 1672)

- Effective August 23, 2011.
- Requires all pension funds and retirement systems subject to the Code to comply with the federal Heroes Earnings Assistance and Relief Tax Act of 2008.

P.A. 97-609 (SB 1831)

- Effective August 26, 2011.
- Applies to those members hired on or after January 1, 2012.
 - Provides that if a new hire is receiving a retirement annuity or pension and accepts a
 contractual position to provide services to a governmental entity from which he or she has
 retired, then that person's annuity or pension will be suspended during that contractual
 service.
 - Makes it a Class A misdemeanor for a pensioner who is seeking contractual employment to fail
 to notify certain persons about his or her retirement status before accepting an employment
 contract.

P.A. 97-504 (HB 1670)

- Approved August 23, 2011.
- Amends the Open Meetings Act.



- Requires each elected or appointed member of a public body subject to this Act who is such a
 member on the effective date of the amendatory Act to successfully complete the electronic
 training curriculum developed and administered by the Public Access Counselor.
- Requires those members to complete the training not later than one year after the effective date of the amendatory Act.
- Requires each elected or appointed member of a public body subject to the Act who becomes such a member after the effective date of the amendatory Act to successfully complete the electronic training curriculum developed and administered by the Public Access Counselor.
- Requires those members to complete the training not later than the 90th day after the date the member either (i) takes the oath of office, if the member is required to take an oath of office to assume the person's duties as a member of the public body or (ii) otherwise assumes responsibilities as a member of the public body, if the member is not required to take an oath of office to assume the person's duties as a member of the governmental body.
- Requires each member who successfully completes the curriculum to file a copy of the certificate of completion with the public body.
- Provides that the failure of one or more members of a public body to complete the training required by this Section does not affect the validity of an action taken by the public body.
- Provides that an elected or appointed member of a public body subject to this Act who has successfully completed the required training and filed a copy of the certificate of completion with the public body is not required to subsequently complete that training.

2012 Session

P.A. 97-0651

- Approved and effective January 5, 2012.
- Requires any reasonable suspicion of fraud against the Fund to be reported to the State's Attorney for investigation.
- Changes provisions for Union Leaves of Absence.

P.A. 97-813

- Effective July 13, 2012.
- Clarifies provisions of widow's annuity.

2013 Session

P.A. 98-0043 (SB 1584)

Approved and effective June 28, 2013.



 Changes the duration of health insurance supplement payments to eligible employee annuitants to "Beginning July 1, 2008 and until such time as the city no longer provides a health care plan for such annuitants or December 31, 2016, whichever comes first."

P.A. 98-0433 (HB 2620)

- Approved and effective August 16, 2013.
- Allows for an additional exception to the RFP process for obtaining investment services for "contracts for follow-on funds with the same fund sponsor through close-end funds."

2014 Session

No legislative changes.

2015 Session

No legislative changes.

2016 Session

P.A. 99-0506

- Approved and effective May 30, 2016.
- Changes the funding policy.
 - For payment years 2016 through 2020, specifies the amount for the City of Chicago's required annual contribution to the Fund as follows: \$420 million in payment year 2016, \$464 million in payment year 2017, \$500 million in payment year 2018, \$557 million in payment year 2019 and \$579 million in payment year 2020.
 - Beginning in payment year 2021, the City's total required contribution to the Fund shall be
 an amount that is equal to the normal cost of the fund, plus an amount sufficient to bring
 the total assets of the fund up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the fund by
 payment year 2055 (instead of 2040).
- Changes the actuarial cost method to entry age normal.
- Includes provisions for funding from any proceeds received by the City in relation to the operation of a casino within the City.
- Provides a mechanism to enforce funding through a mandamus action.
- Creates a new minimum retirement annuity provision equal to 125% of the federal poverty level for certain persons.

P.A. 99-0905

Approved and effective November 29, 2016.



- Specifies the manner of calculating the Tier 2 surviving spouse's annuity for Tier 2 policemen who die in service with at least 1 1/2 years of service.
- Specifies the manner of computing duty-death benefits for Tier 2 surviving spouses and provides that Tier 2 duty-death benefits are not payable where the death is the result of an intervening cause.
- Includes provisions for a minimum surviving spouse's annuity equal to 125% of the federal poverty level.
- Increases the Tier 1 automatic annual increase in retirement annuity for persons born after December 31, 1954 but before January 1, 1966.
- Amends the State Mandates Act to require implementation without reimbursement.

2017 Session

P.A. 100-0334

- Approved and effective August 25, 2017.
- States a person otherwise entitled to a survivor benefit and who has been convicted of a felony in connection with the service rendered by the member, is not eligible for such survivor benefit, if such conviction was after the effective date.
- It further states for participants that first become members after the effective date the change is a condition of employment.

2018 Session

P.A. 100-1148

- Approved and effective December 10, 2018.
- Technical correction related to filing copies of the report as required by Section 3.1 of the General Assembly Organizational Act and with the State Government Report Distribution Center for the General Assembly.

2019 Session

P.A. 100-1173

- Approved and effective June 1, 2019.
- Denied service credit applications for safety or investigative work filed between 1992 and 2008 may be reconsidered by the board.

P.A. 100-0387

Approved and effective August 16, 2019.



Adds provisions to felony convictions entered on or after January 1, 2019. Also states that applicants of duty or occupational disease disability retirements who are denied benefits and who challenge and prevail may seek litigation expense recovery.

2020 Session

P.A. 101-0633

- Approved and effective June 5, 2020.
- Includes COVID-19 as a cause of eligibility for ordinary death benefits and certain annuities related to death in the line of duty for a policeman who was exposed to and contracted COVID-19 on or after March 9, 2020 and on or before December 31, 2020.

2021 Session

P.A. 101-0653

- Approved and effective February 26,2021
- Extended the dates for which COVID-19 is included as a cause of eligibility for certain annuities related to death in the line of duty.

P.A. 102-0125

- Approved and effective July 23, 2021.
- Made changes to provisions concerning credit for service while on a leave of absence from the police department and assigned or detailed to perform safety or investigative work.



APPENDIX 7

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

Glossary of Terms

Actuarial Accrued Liability ("AAL")

The difference between the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits, and the Actuarial Present Value of Future Normal Costs.

Actuarial Assumptions

Assumptions about future plan experience that affect costs or liabilities, such as: mortality, withdrawal, disablement and retirement; future increases in salary; future rates of investment earnings; future investment and administrative expenses; characteristics of members not specified in the data, such as marital status; characteristics of future members; future elections made by members; and other items.

Actuarial Cost Method

A procedure for allocating the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits between the Actuarial Present Value of future Normal Costs and the Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Actuarial Equivalent

Of equal Actuarial Present Value, determined as of a given date and based on a given set of Actuarial Assumptions.

Actuarial Present Value ("APV")

The amount of funds required to provide a payment or series of payments in the future. It is determined by discounting the future payments with an assumed interest rate and with the assumed probability each payment will be made.

Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits ("APVFB")

The Actuarial Present Value of amounts which are expected to be paid at various future times to active members, retired members, beneficiaries receiving benefits and inactive, nonretired members entitled to either a refund or a future retirement benefit. Expressed another way, it is the value that would have to be invested on the valuation date so that the amount invested plus investment earnings would provide sufficient assets to pay all projected benefits and expenses when due.

Actuarial Valuation

The determination, as of a valuation date, of the Normal Cost, Actuarial Accrued Liability, Actuarial Value of Assets, and related Actuarial Present Values for a plan. An Actuarial Valuation for a governmental retirement system typically also includes calculations of items needed for compliance with GASB No. 67, such as the Funded Ratio and the Actuarially Determined Contribution ("ADC").

Actuarial Value of Assets ("AVA")

The value of the assets as of a given date, used by the actuary for valuation purposes. This may be the market or fair value of plan assets or a smoothed value in order to reduce the year-to-year volatility of calculated results, such as the funded ratio or contribution requirement.



Glossary of Terms

Actuarially Determined Contribution ("ADC") The employer's periodic required contributions, expressed as a dollar amount or a percentage of covered plan compensation. The ADC consists of the Employer Normal Cost and Amortization Payment.

Amortization Method

A method for determining the Amortization Payment. The most common methods used are level dollar and level percentage of payroll. Under the Level Dollar method, the Amortization Payment is one of a stream of payments, all equal, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the Amortization payment is one of a stream of increasing payments, whose Actuarial Present Value is equal to the UAAL. Under the Level Percentage of Pay method, the stream of payments increases at the rate at which total covered payroll of all active members is assumed to increase.

Amortization Payment

That portion of the plan contribution or ADC which is designed to pay interest on and to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability.

Amortization Period

The period used in calculating the Amortization Payment.

Closed Amortization Period

A specific number of years that is reduced by one each year, and declines to zero with the passage of time. For example, if the amortization period is initially set at 30 years, it is 29 years at the end of one year, 28 years at the end of two years, etc.

Employer Normal Cost

The portion of the Normal Cost to be paid by the employer. This is equal to the Normal Cost less expected member contributions.

Equivalent Single
Amortization Period

For plans that do not establish separate amortization bases (separate components of the UAAL), this is the same as the Amortization Period. For plans that do establish separate amortization bases, this is the period over which the UAAL would be amortized if all amortization bases were combined upon the current UAAL payment.

Experience Gain/Loss

A measure of the difference between actual experience and that expected based upon a set of Actuarial Assumptions, during the period between two actuarial valuations. To the extent that actual experience differs from that assumed, Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities emerge which may be larger or smaller than projected. Gains are due to favorable experience; e.g., the assets earn more than projected, salaries do not increase as fast as assumed, members retire later than assumed, etc. Favorable experience means actual results produce actuarial liabilities not as large as projected by the actuarial assumptions. On the other hand, losses are the result of unfavorable experience; i.e., actual results that produce Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities which are larger than projected.



Glossary of Terms

Funded Ratio The ratio of the Actuarial Value of Assets to the Actuarial Accrued

Liability.

GASB Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

GASB Statement No. 67 and GASB Statement No. 68

These are the governmental accounting standards that set the accounting rules for public retirement systems and the employers that sponsor or contribute to them. Statement No. 68, which replaced Statement No. 27 effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015, sets the accounting rules for the employers that sponsor or contribute to public retirement systems. Statement No. 67, which replaced Statement No. 25 effective with fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, sets

the rules for the systems themselves.

Normal Cost The annual cost assigned, under the Actuarial Cost Method, to the

current plan year.

Open Amortization Period An open amortization period is one which is used to determine the

Amortization Payment but which does not change over time. In other words, if the initial period is set as 30 years, the same 30-year period is used in determining the Amortization Period each year. In theory, if an Open Amortization Period is used to amortize the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability, the UAAL will never completely disappear, but will become smaller each year, either as a dollar amount or in relation to

covered payroll.

Unfunded Actuarial Accrued

Liability

The difference between the Actuarial Accrued Liability and Actuarial

Value of Assets.

Valuation Date The date as of which the Actuarial Present Value of Future Benefits are

determined. The benefits expected to be paid in the future are

discounted to this date.

